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## I NALY＇IICALREADER．

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## SHOR＇T ME＇THOD

FOR

## 字 <br> 字 <br> LEARNING TO READ AND WRITECHINESE，

REV．W．A．P．MARTIN．D．D．

SHANGHAI：
PRESBYTERIAN MISSION PRESS．
PUBLISIED BY THE MISSION．
1863.

THE RIGHT OF REPIINTING RESERVED,

## PART I.-THE METHOD

For euphony's sake I have called it Short; though in strictness, the adjective ought to have been placed in the comparative degree. There is no positively short road to an acquaintance with Chinese. But the method explained and illustrated in the following pages proposes, in some measure, to abridge the labor.

This it effects in two ways-
First, by furnishing the student with precisely those characters which he needs to know;

Secondly, by laying them open to the eye, and impressing them on the memory.

In neither of these respects does it lay claim to entire originality, nor is it a doubtful experiment. It treads in a safe path, at the entrance of which the natives have planted finger-boards, though they have not pursued it quite as far as we propose to venture.

They discovered the needle; it was reserved for others to use it in crossing the ocean. They analyze with beautiful simplicity a few scores of family names-we seize the hint and launch into the sea of words, confident that it shows us the way to the further shore. They select a thousand characters as a capital for beginners; and with a view to aiding the memory, combine them into verse. We borrow the idea, and duly acknowledging our obligation, proceed, as we believe, to improve upon it. Their thousand were taken at random; we take twice the number, and select them by a regular process which required years of painstaking. They govern the distribution by no laws but those of metre. We too arrange them in verse; but dispose them in such a manner that they are presented to the learner in a steady gradation, according to the frequency of their occurrence. These, and other leading features, require further elucidation.

## 1. The Selection of Characters.

Several years ago I commenced a volume, on a plan somewhat similar to that of the present work. Its progress was interrupted by a voyage to America; but when I returned, I was enabled to resume the task on a better basis. At first I had been guided in the selection of characters by no surer rule than the judgment of a Chinese scribe, who culled them from the pages of K'anghi's Dictionary. I was now favored with a list; formed on scientific principles, in which every character was placed with numerical precision according to the frequency of its use.

For this, I was indebted to Mr. Wm. Gamble, Superintendent of the Presbyterian Mission Press.

Mr. Gamble prepared it for a purpose very different from mine, viz. to ascertain the proportion in which the several letters would be required in casting a font of metallic type; and to determine in what order the types should be arranged, so as to bring those in most common use, nearest to the hand of the compositor Both of these ends it succeeded in effecting-preventing a waste of metal in casting useless type, and increasing the rapidity of "composition". But it was obvious that a collection arranged with such elaborate care might be adapted to a higher end-to save the time expended in learning rare or useless characters, and abbreviate for foreign students, or Chinese pupils the tedious task of acquiring the written language. The process by which these tables were constructed is well stated by Mr. Gamble, in an "Introduction", the greater part of which I take the liberty of transcribing, for the sake of the information it contains.
"In order to the better understanding of the following lists of selected characters, it is necessary to give some explanation of the manner in which they have been prepared, and of the object which has been kept in view in their preparation.
"When the art of printing first sprung up in the Western world, printers found it necessary to compute the relative frequency with which each letter of the alphabet occurred in order to ascertain how many type of each sort it would be necessary to cast, so that there should not be too many of one letter and too few of another. Thus for ordinary English book work the proportion of each letter in a fount are, of $e 12000$, of $t 9000$, of a 8500 , of in $n$ and $s$, each 8000 , of $r 6200$; while $k$ only occurs 800 times, $q 500, j$ and $x 400$, and $z$ but 200. They also in arranging them in cases, placed those that occurred most frequently in adjoining compartments and near the hand of the compositor, for the purpose of thereby promoting rapidity in the composition or setting up of the type.
"But in China the use of metallic type has been of such modern
date，that little has as yet been done towards ascertaining the relative frequency with which characters occur in the general literature of this peculiar language．This remark holds good even with reference to its christain literature，which is now be－ coming pretty extensive，and in which those who are engaged in missionary operations are more particularly interested．In consequence therefore of the want of correct data on which to form a scale，as printers call it，of the characters in the written language，the method hitherto in use，of arranging founts of Chinese metallic type，has been such that not only have the type themselves taken up much room，but the compositor in going from case to case for each type has unavoidably consumed so much time，as thereby to render composition both expensive and tedious．
＂With the view therefore of making some improvement upon the former method of arrangement，as well as of ascertaining how many of the 40919 characters contained in K‘ang－hi＇s Dic－ tionary are in common use，especially in the class of books used and published by those engaged in the Missionary work；an examination was made of 4166 octavo pages；including the whole Bible together with twenty seven other publications printed at our press，and embracing in the aggregate nearly one million two hundred thousand characters．In conducting this examination two Chinese scholars were employed for two years each，and it was carried on in such a manner as to secure as much accuracy as possible．The rezult is shown in the two following lists．
＂The first list which is arranged in the usual manner by Radicals and Strokes，contains every character which occurs in the above mentioned books，amounting in number only to 5150 different characters．The number of times each of these charac－ ters occurred is placed opposite to it in figures，which when added together show an aggregate of 1166473 characters．It may here be proper to add that in the Scriptures containing the total number of 676827 characters there were found 4141 different ones．In the Old Testament there are in all 503663 characters and 3946 different ones；the version used being that printed at the London Mission press．In the New Testament there are in all 173164 characters and 2713 different ones；the version used being that printed at the Presbyterian Mission press．
＂That so few characters are of general use as is shown by this statement may seem somewhat incredible to those who have not examined the subject，and who having been accustomed to hear the number of characters in the Chinese language stated to be forty to eighty thousand，suppose thatin order to be able to read or translate Chinese books，a knowledge of some tens of thousands of characters is absolutely necessary．Our calculations are however corroborated by the author of the Chinese work called the 十三繳集学

Shih san ling tsil ts who states that the 河書 Four Boolis con－ tain 2328 different characters；the 五 經 Five Classics contain 2426 different characters which do not occur in the Four Books， and that the whole number of different characters in the Thirtecn Classics is 6544 ．This includes 928 rare or obsolete characters oc－ curring in the 爾雅 Ready Guide，almost all of which might be ornitted，thus leaving less than 6000 characters．
＂The second list，like the first one，consists of all the characters different from each other that are to be found in the total number examined，but here it is intended to exhibit them arranged accor－ ding to their numerical use，or the relative frequency with which they occur．For this purpose they are divided into fiftecn groups， in each of which is contained all the characters occurring between a certain number of times each，as，between 1000 and 100100 times each，between 900 and 1000 times each，between 800 and 900 times each，and so on of the others．The first group，however， has all those that occurred over 10000 times each；and the fifteenth group includes the 850 mentioned above as taken from another list，which ought properly to be placed in a group by themselves．
＂The group－the number of different characters in each group －their minimum and maximum numbers－together with the total number of times that the characters of each group occurred： is shown in the following table：－

| Group． |  | No．Different Cha． |  | Min．\＆Max，Nos． | Totals． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 st ． |  | 13 | －．．－ | 10000 | 214156 |
| 2 d ． | －－－－ | 224 |  | 1000－10000 | 563126 |
| 3 d ． | －－－－ | 16 |  | 900－1000 | 15150 |
| 4 th． | －－－－ | 19 |  | 800－900 | 16344 |
| 5 th． | －－－－ | 44 | －－－ | $700-800$ | 32757 |
| 6 th． | －－－－ | 47 |  | 600 － 700 | 31167 |
| 7 th． | －－－－ | 59 |  | $500-600$ | 32116 |
| 8th． | －－－－ | 99 |  | $400-500$ | 44258 |
| 9 th． | －－－－ | 112 |  | $300-400$ | 38024 |
| 10th． | －－－－ | 197 |  | 200－300 | 47932 |
| 11th． | －－－－ | 400 |  | 100－200 | 56627 |
| 12th． | －－－－ | 207 |  | $75-100$ | 17637 |
| 13th． | －－－－ | 301 | －－－－ | $50-75$ | 18508 |
| 14th． |  | 547 | －－－－ | $25-50$ | 19497 |
| 15th． |  | 3715 |  | $1-25$ | 19036 |
|  |  | 6000 |  |  | 1166335 |

"As the result of this investigation two most inp rtant facts to the printer are established. First: that five or six thousand well selectel characters are suffecient for all practical purposes; which is, about one-sceenth of what is in the language. This has been long known in China, but appears to have been overlooked by those interested in such matters in Europe. Second: that a very few characters, from the great frequency with which they occur, constitute the great bodly of those in a book, and that the great majority occur exccedingly seldom. Thus, as already stated, the first group has 13 characters which were found to occur in the whole number examined 214156 times, which is more than onesixth of the whole. Again putting the two first groups together there are 237 characters whose sum is 777282 , which is considerably more than onc-half of the whole. And again putting the first eight groups together we have 521 characters whose sum is 949074 , or nearly nine-elevenths of the whole. On the other hand, the last or fifteenth group has (after deducting the 850 which should not be in this group) 2865 characters, which were found to occur in the whole number examined 19036 times, or less than one-sixtieth of the whole. And again if we add the fourteenth and fifteenth groups together we have 3410 characters, whose sum is 38533 or only about one-thirtieth of the whole. The character $\dot{2}$ Che, alone occurs 42068 times which is oftener than the sum total of these 3410 characters.
"From a knowledge of these facts we have been enabled to arrange a large fount of Chinese metallic type in so compact a manner that the compositor can reach any type he wants without moving more than a step in any direction; and by having placed, say five hundred, of the most numerous characters together, he has more than three-fourths of all he uses just under his hand, almost as conveniently as a fount of Roman type are arranged in an English printing office. The result of this arrangement has been to render the work of the compositor at least three times as rapid and cheap as it could be done under the old arrangement of the fount."

It is certain that the proportions of Mr. Gamble's list will hold good, with very little alteration, for the entire range of classical Chinese, all the work; examined, having been revised by native writers on classic models; though they would undergo considerable modification, if applied to the Mandarin or other vernacular dialects. They not only confirm the observation of that early Sinologue Premare, that "a good knowledge of four or five thousand characters is sufficient for all ordinary purposes," but furnish us with a safe guide in selecting that limited number.

A word as to the form, in which these characters are marshalled.

Solon published his laws in verse；and for the same reason a ju－ dicious mother makes rhyme the vehicle of her nursery．lessons． We thus remember the length of the months，long lines of kings， and many detached facts，which might long since have been given to the winds，but for the jingling chain that binds them together．Two senseless syllables imprint on the brain the colors of the solar spectrum；and longer，but equally senseless words serve to fix in memory the classifications of Grammar and the formulas of Logic．How much more powerful the association，when sense，sound and rythm are all combined！We have then a ＂three－fold cord not easily broken＂．With such a bond I have sought to connect these pearls，collected as it were from the ocean sands．

The credit of executing the plan is due，in no small degree，to my Chinese scribe，Ho Sien－sheng，a Bachelor of Nankin；and what－ ever defects attach to mine，I am sure，competent judges will a－ gree that he has performed his part with exquisite skill．

He was placed under more embarrassing restrictions than those imposed on themselves by the monkish tritlers of the middle ages， or our own acrostic and alliterative poets of the last two centuries．

The first law of the composition，as of its native model，the千字艾 Ts＇ien ts wen，was that each word should occur but once．

The second，that he should confine himself to two thousand cha－ racters previously collected．

The third，that this limited number was to be subdivided into parcels of a few hundreds each，beyond which he was not at liberty to expatiate．

With all these disadvantages to contend against，in addition to the restraints of verse，Ho Sien－sheng has succeeded in producing a poom，the first half of which is almost as lucid and free，as it could have been，if the treasures of the Lexicon had been placed at his disposal．The latter part，from the nature of the case，is a little more obscure，but it reflects no less credit on the ingenui－ ty of the composer．

The author of the Tsien ts wen，if tradition is to be believed， might have adopted the language of the Prisoner of Chillon．
＂My hair is grey；but not with years， Nor grew it white In a single night As men＇s have grown from sudden fears＂．

They＂grew white in a single night＂，butit was in consequence of the exertion required in arranging in a poetical form，a thousand arbitrary words－a task imposed on him by a despotic master．Ho
and I，who only fungor vice cotis，may not exhibit the same out－ ward demonstration of our labors；but we have experienced e－ nough to believe the story of our predecessor in the thorny path＊

## II．The Analysis of Characters．

The object of this part is to introduce the foreign learner to the orthography of the language，and to supply the Chinese with what they have never had－a Spelling Book．

The want of that elementary manual，may excite Surprise， but the reason is obvious．Their language，is not，as ours，essen－ tially phonetic；and the analysis of its sounds affords no clue to the composition of its characters．With us orthoepy and orthog－ raphy are intimately connected，and mutually aid each other，though they are far from coinciding．In China，they altogether part company；one speaks wholly to the ear，the other addresses itself entirely to the eye．The system of fan tsin 反 切 relates to the former；the latter，which is incomparably more difficult， has to be learned without the aid of any system．The dictionary presents each character as a whole，and sometimes gives its com－ ponent parts by way of conjecture as to its origin．But a simple manual，which proceeds from the parts to the whole，presenting first the elements，and then the words resulting from their com－ bination，is still a desideratum．

There is proof too，that the want has been felt；at least in one small class of words：and in the same contracted corner，an expedient has sprung up which is worthy of being employed on a more extended scale．Custom requires the Chinese，on meet－ ing to ask each other for their family names；but many of them being similar in sound，as among ourselves，Lee，Lea，Mc．Lean， Mc．Lain，Mac．Lane，\＆c．it was found difficult to understand the answers without some further description．Thus：
Q．What is the name of your illustrious family？
Ans．The nume of my ignoble line is Chang．
Q．How is it written？
Ans．It is Stand up early chang，not long bow chang；i．e．it is the chang composed of and 肎 not that composed of $\bar{\eta}$ and長：it is 章 not 張。
＊A native author thus relates the origin of that curious work．
太平廣記云梁武帝択大王書中搨一千字
不重者每字片紙雜碎無序召周興嗣謂之曰卿有子思爲我韻之興鹝一夕編綴進上鬢髮皆白

The Chings and Changs are by this means distinguished into numerous clans, each wearing its own livery.

The following is a table of the surnames, which are thus familiarly analyzed.

Family Names Analyzed.




This is Spelling；and if names are thus spelled out，in order to enable the hearer to write them properly，why may not other characters be subjected to the same treatment？The majority are capable of a neat division into two or three elements，each of which is a distinct whole having its owin sound and sense． In this case there can hardly be a doubt as to the advantage of applying the solvent．

But there are cases in which its expediency is less clear． Where an element is neither an integer nor a radical，I have some－ times thought it worthy of separate attention，on account of its fre－ quent occurrence in other combinations．And again where these imperfect elements closely resemble certain characters；as the parts of 民 differ but slightly from $П K e ' u$ and 我 $S h u ̈$, I have thought it safe to borrow the names of those characters for the sake of preserving the recollection of that resemblance， leaving the difference to be learned by observation．It is better to run the risk of learning them with a trifling error than not to learn them at all．So the natives have thought，who give 亚東 as the components of 陳。and $\boldsymbol{\square}$ 天 as those of 吴。

I may as well remark here，that the whole design of this little manual is to aid the student in getting the characters as they are now written；not to serve him as a guide to their etymology．For that，he must penetrate deeper than the forms of the living present， exhume fossils，pursue them through successive ages，and divers meta－norphoses；and then become acquainted，not with families，as in the languages of western Asia，but with individuals，an employ－ ment certainly not the most edifying for a beginner．Our analy－ sis will familiarize him with the composition of characters；but it
will be for the vulgar end of enabling him to read and write, not the gratification of philological curiosity. It agrees in the main, with the distinction of radicals and primitives; but it does not proceed on it as a basis, because that would be fatal to the end in view, which be it remembered, is orthography-not etymology. This compels us to place the upper element before the lower, and the left before the right, irrespective of the position of the radicat, because this is the order which the natives observe in writing.

To begin with the radical, would be like spelling an English word by begimning with the root or suffix. Again, in dissecting characters with this view, it is of less moment to hit the joints than to divide them in such a manner that they may readily be recomposed. It is easier to spell cy-clops, than cyel-ops

## III. The Translation.

A translation injurious to a lad, may be highly beneficial to a person of mature judgment. It is for such only, that the present is made; and for so terse a composition, something of the kind is not merely a convenience, but a necessity. The style is exceedingly elliptical, and with all the aid of native teachers, and dictionaries, the learner would be liable to lose the meaning of many a sentence. This translation, though not superseding those indispensable auxiliaries, is so constructed, as in a degree, to perform the office of both.

The mode of rendering is determined by the end proposed. If that were to introduce the reader, to a Chinese poem, I should choose those expressious best suited to represent its thoughts and spirit. But the end is the study of words; and this obliges me reddere verbum verbo.

As far as the sense would admit, I have given only the fundamental significations, leaving the reader to infer those that are collateral and derivative. For instance, 生 is rendered lifc; and this places him in possession of its other meanings, such as live, alive, to beget, bear, be born \&c. Each character, in general, mar thus play several parts-appearing without any change of form, as a substantive, adjective, verb, or adverb, according to its position in a sentence-a feature of the language, which makes the knowledge of two thousand an important acquisition.

Words introduced to complete the sense, excepting particles and pronouns, are printed in italics.

The order of the text has been strictly adhered to, and each line represented by a verse in the translation; so that the reader can easily ascertain what words and characters correspond-an arrangement which renders it equally available for a student of either language.

This rule，which in any language would be fatal to the elegance of a translation，is peculiarly embarassing in Chinese；and while endeavoring to make it strictly literal it has sometimes been ne－ cessary to neglect a grammatical idiom in order to give due relief to the idea of each particular character．

## IV．The mode of study．

The student may learn the characters from the simple text by the help of the translation，and the elements from the table in Part III．marking opposite to each its sound as given by a Chinese teacher according to the dialect which he desires to cultivate． When the first chapter is completed，some book，say the christain三字經 which is much easier than the native work of the same name，or one of the Gospels，may be taken up by way of practice． The student will be surprised to find himself already in possession of more than one half of the characters．On completing the second chapter，he would have more than nine tenths，and on ar－ riving at the end of the fourth chapter，he will make the pleasing discovery that in any ordinary book the unknown characters are few．

The reading of native tracts on moral subjects＊will then prove an agreeable pastime；and the Confucian Classics，with this pre－ paration，will be found less arduous than they are usually regarded．

In order to acquire a thorough mastery of these staple charac－ ters，it would be well for the student to proceed to Part III，and apply himself to their orthography．For this purpose he should prepare a blank book ruled in columns answering to the vertical lines of the Chinese．In this the sounds and sense of the charac－ ters，and their elements should be written down；placing the ele－ ments first．Thus：－

$$
\begin{array}{l|c|l}
\text { Yih } & \text { Muh } & \text { We } \\
\text { One } & \text { Wood } & \text { Not-yet \&c. }
\end{array}
$$

One or two lines might he taken as a lesson；the sounds com－ mitted to memory precisely as a column in an English spelling book；and the characters recomposed by combining the elements．

12 The following are some of the most elegont and popular．东 于 筦 言川 Chu－ts＇Family Monitor．


It should not be regarded as learned until all the characters can be reproduced from the written sounds，without reference to the printed text．To aid in fixing these select characters in the mind，at once and forever，a kind of mnemonics will be found of great service．The student should invent them for himself； seizing on any association，however absurd，which may happen to strike his fancy．The following may serve as specimens．
NH MNEMONICS．
惟 心住 The only needful—an excellent heart．
大 一 人 Great－one－man，the Emperor．
－大 Heaven－the one great．
土也 The earth is earth．
水也 4 pond is water．
水每 The sea－water everywhere．
火禾 Autumn－fire in the rice fields．
羊口 Good—a lamb－like mouth．
亞 心 Evil－an inferior heart．
林示 Prohibition－－showing two trees and forbidding one．
心生 Nature—the heart born with us．
火西 土 Smoke（of opium）－the fire of the western dirt．
产尤 A Lawsuip－words between two dogs．
当 目 1 士 The sage－a prinee with ear and mouth i．e．a great teacher．
The Chinese see in爲 a resemblance to 馬 and describe it as 馬 爲 ma we；why may not we，in 來 to come，see 从人十 three men coming to a cross road？In從 to follow，see 嶮 five men jollowing an augur \＆c．？

Associations arbitrary and ledicrous are sanctioned by native usage；and the foreign student would do well not to despise them．

When the two thousand characters are thoroughly mastered，it will be of great advantage to go over them，writing under each such others as may be connected with it，by regular derivation，
or casual resemblance．Thus：


The habit of thus grouping on a familiar basis，all the charac－ ters，the student may be able to recall，will augment the amount of his treasures，and confirm him in their possession．In this mamner，the original number may easily be tripled or quadrupled．

An appropriate sequel to the study of these common characters， will be that of the several styles in which they are written． These are six in number．

1．篗書 The clear square letter usually preferred in books， and so called from the dynasty of Sung，under which it came in vogue in connexion with the art of printing，then first invented．

2．楷韭 The Pattern style－－the happy mean between the stiff sharp angles of the foregoing，and the wavy，flowing，but uncertain lines of the two following．The most important documents are always engrossed in Kiai－shu；and large works are frequently printed in it．

3．行書 Running－hand－－that employed in ordinary business．
4．草 書 The grass letter－running hand run wild，so as to resemble entangled grass．Though courtesy requires the scholar to apply the name of ts＇au ts as a depreciative epithet to any spe－ cimen of his own chirography；to attain grace and ease in the management of this style is an object of ambition．

5．隸 書 an ornamental hand formerly employed in engrossing official documents，whence the name；though for that purpose，it has now given place to the Kiai－shu．It is still much used how－ ever，for scrolls，monumental inscriptions，and book－prefaces．

6．筷夆 by foreigners called the Seal character on account of its most frequent use．It is also much used for inscriptions on monuments and in adorning the title pages of books．

The 1st．2nd．and 5th．stand related to each other somewhat as the Roman，Italic，and Black－letter of our letter press．

The 3rd., 4th., and 6th., may be compared to the Round hand, Running hand, and German text of our chirography. But while, in our own printing and penmanship; all the varieties may be learned, by a little attention to the comparison of a few forms; to acquire a knowledge of the different styles in Chinese, is a labor of more difficulty. It requires the careful comparison of of some hundreds of leading forms, and in addition to this, the aid of constant practice.

But this is a task which the student will hardly feel himself at liberty to decline. For without it, he is liable to be confounded, not merely confused, by constantly meeting his old friends in new disguises. Not only will he be perplexed by inscriptions on monuments, which he meets in travelling, and the prefaces or title-pages of elegant works; bnt the proclamation of a mandarin, the bill of a shop-keeper, or the letter of a native friend, will prove an annoying puzzle. The foreign student of German may indulge his tastes, without troubling himself to decipher reams of handschrift; but if resident on the banks of the Rhine he would find it somewhat inconvenient not to be able to learn for himself the contents of a familiar note. . For the resident in China, the styles of business and correspondence are equally indispensable.

The six styles are arranged in the order of their importance. The first is that used in the text and analysis; and the reader will have the advantage of seeing it in at least two sizes of type.

Of the others, specimens and exercises are included in Part III. and for materials to practice on, the learner needs be at no loss. Monuments, sign-boards, prefaces, and letters-old ones which a native friend may submit to his perusal-will all come to his aid and further his progress.

## VI. Use in Schools.

With us the first stages in climbing the hill of knowledge are so gentle that the young scholar saunters on unconscious of effort. In China they are so precipitous, that a large proportion of those who attempt the ascent, fall back in despair. To grade the steep, facilitate the acquisition of the elements of education, and promote the efficiency of christian schools was my prime object in preparing the Chinese portion of this work.

Via trita via tuta is a good maxim; but it should not prevent us mending the "old paths". That they have been trodden by the feet of millions is no evidence that they are incapable of improvement. Foreigners in China have not felt compelled to use wooden blocks in printing their books, just because the Chinese have done so ever since the invention of printing. And if metallic
types and revolving presses are improvements on the native mode of manufacturing books, why should it be taken as a foregone conclusion that the foreigner can suggest no better method for acquiring a knowledge of their contents?

Is it not a fact that the majority of pupils in Chinese schools, never succeed in learning to read and write? And is it not an equally significant fact, that the man who can read fluently, and write correctly is regarded as a scholar? The apparatus for obtaining knowledge passes for learning, and rudiments are esteemed accomplishments.

To a certam extent this is owing to the difficulty of the written language, which is not much easier for the native, than it is for the foreign student; but it is due in part to imperfections in the method of teaching.

A boy of eight summers attired for the occasion, in robes of ceremony, selecting a lucky day, enters on the career of a scholar, by doing obeisance to his teacher, and kneeling before the picture of Confucius. A book is placed in his hands, and he is taught the sounds of some half a dozen characters. These learned, he hands the book to the teacher, and turning his back recites his lesson in a sing-song tone, keeping time like a pendulum by the vibrations of his body. Day after day, he goes on cramming his memory with sounds and forms until he can patter off the Four Books and the Book of Odes as glibly as a breviary. But all this time he has not obtained the glimmering of an idea. He has got the symbols of thought, but not the thoughts.

This ordeal passed, he is deemed worthy of initiation into higher mysteries. The veil is gradually withdrawn, and a ray of light shed on each of those dull figures, kindling them into life, and transforming empty sounds into the articulate voices of human language.

The intellect of the lad feels the stimulus, and wakes as from a hibernation; while his faculties unfold like the buds of Spring. Reading becomes a pleasure; and he delights to employ those signs-not till now significant-for the expression of his own thoughts.

But how many youth are compelled by poverty to quit school before the dawn of this cheering period! And how many more toil on for years in unalleviated darkness because they are too dull to complete the preliminary process to the satisfaction of their teachers! What would be thought of the school-master who should compel his pupils to commit the Iliad to memory before translating a line? Yet this is precisely the time-honored system of the Chinese; and it is doing it no wrong to charge it with perpetrating the crime of mental infanticide on an enormous scale.

A partial remedy applied in many mission schools, is to require the teacher to deviate so far from the beaten track as to comnect the sense of each character with its form and sound in the very commencement of his instructions. A further melioration would be to furnish the student with a selection of those characters in most common use, as the readiest way to the treasures of knowledge; and to teach him from the first to spell each one as an aid to memory, and a preparation for writing.

How far the first of these conditions will be met by the followcollection may be inferred from the account already given of the principles on which it is formed, and whether the second will be answered by the analytical method, may also be inferred from the explantion on a previous page. It only remains therefore, to add an observation or two in regard to the mode of teaching.

Who of us does not remember the young emulation which impelled us to learn pages of words, before we had any appreciation of their value, merely from the hope of standing at the head of a spelling-class? How intense the feeling grew when the school was divided into parties, and the combatants entered the lists two and two; the victorious boy, wearing his honors as proudly as a champion of the ring!

The Chinese system of education is not destitute of this stimulus. The more advanced students contend for academic and civil honors with an ardor unsurpassed in any country. But it is wanting at that stage, at which an incentive is most needed. In the early portion of his course, each pupil pursues a solitary path, receives instruction alone, and recites alone, knowing little and caring less as to the progress of his fellows. In most primary schools, the class organization is wholly unknown, and the teacher repeats for each individual an amount of toil which would suffice for a whole form. By this mode of spelling these inconveniences may be obviated-the spur applied to the pupil, and labor saved to the teacher: classes may be formed, and recitations conducted precisely as in an English school, though in learning their lessons, pupils will require an amount of oral instruction, which is not called for in a language whose orthography is more purely phonetic.

An experiment made in our mission school while these sheets were passing through the press has proved highly satisfactory. In the morning, the teacher calls a class before him and gives them the sound and sense of the characters and their elements, and then requires them to copy the lesson into a book provided for the purpose in order to impress it on the memory, and accustom them to writing. In the afternoon he summons them to recite. He pronounces a character of the text, and the first pupil responds by giving its elements. The next character is analy-
zed by the second boy, and so on, until some one makes a mistake; when the character is passed on, and the boy who succeeds in spelling it correctly is promoted to the place of him who failed.

The excreise proves novel and exciting; and some of the boys who previously appeared indifferent as to progress, have begun to apply thenselves with diligence. Memoriter recitation, definition of characters, translation into the Mandarin or vernacular dialect, and writing on the black-board, are additional exercises in which it is sought to inspire the pupils with the same emulation, and so render their progress pleasant as well as thorough.

1 conclude this introduction with a statement of Ching Siensheng, a Nankin Siu-ts"ai, who is in charge of the school. "Since having the care of a school, I have often grieved over the difficulty experienced by young pupils in learning the points and strokes of our letters. Lately however a work has been prepared, entitled Jin-ts-sing-fah-"A new Method for Learning Characters". The method consists in resolving one character into several, and combining several into one. The most frequent characters in the Four Books and Five Classics are thus elucidated, so that the student not only learns them with little trouble, but gets at the ideas which gave birth to the characters. Moreover in learning one, he obtains a knowledge of three. I have employed this method in the instruction of my pupils and found it both expeditious and thorough ". *

[^0]
## PARTII．

## THE TEXT AND TRANSLATION．

## 常芓雙千

## CONSTAN＇T CHARACTERS，A COUPLE OF THOUSANDS，

Note．．
Chap I．Contains 237 characters which occur，from 1000 ，to 10000 times，in the books examined，and the three following from the next group．翼温昭

Chap II．Contains 587 characters which occur from 200 to 1000 times，with the addition of the five following from the next groups．斯激䐴其襄

Chap III．Contains 570 characters，which occur from 75 to 200 times，and six additional from the next groups．稽均䯻紇縃珍

Chap IV．Contains the the most frequent characters in the remaining groups，with an intermixture of useful characters com－ piled from other sources－in all 608．See page 4.

The sum total of the four chapters is 2016.
The．sounds are given according to the current Mandarin．
The vowels are those of the German，except that $i$ and $e$ before $n$ and $n g$ have the force of $i$ in $f i n$ ，and $\dot{u}$ in $f u n, s, t s, c h$ ，and $s h$ standing alone，have a strong sibillation，as in rats，church，pass，hush whenthe sound is prolonged．

The Greek aspirate represents a breathing，which can only be learned from the living teacher．


## CHAPTER. I.

DISCOLRSES OF THE ANCIEN'T BEGINNINGS.

## Crealion

## 1.

Not-yet to life were people come, Before existed the Supreme Ruler, Only One True God, No holy one can compare with him.

## 2.

Six days he mightily wrought, First divided Heaven and Earth, Myriads of things multiplied (0), ${ }^{a}$ Both rare and strange.

$$
3 .
$$

Then also tempered clay,
Intending to make a spiritual being, Decreed his place in the bestowed possession, By thousands and hundreds all things gave.

## 4.

Again he sent one to order the family, Woman (0) went to serve him, And calling him, said, "Husband, Thou and I are as one self".

| 䃏 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 㮩 | ${ }^{6}$ |  | 析 | 9 |
| 几fan | 告 kau | If chung | 以 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 攵fu |
| 所 so | 立y y | 傳 chuan | 致ch | 息 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 求k＇iu | 可 $\mathrm{k}^{\prime} \mathrm{o}$ | 無 ya | 伐 pe | 炸fe |
| 者 che | 食 ${ }^{\text {shih }}$ | 伯 peh | 族 $\mathrm{ts} \mathrm{s}^{\text {un }}$ | 昔 $\operatorname{sih}$ |
| 业 wu | 或 hwoh | 羊 yang | 但 ${ }_{\text {tan }}$ | 其k＇i |
| 不 puh | 當 tang | 祭 tsi | 妥 ${ }^{\text {an }}$ | pooh |
| 立 lih | 見kien | 信 $\operatorname{sing}$ | 利 li | E i |
| 予 yi | 耳 | $山^{2}$ | 各ming | 明 ming |
| 然 jan | 聞 wen | 長 chang | 愛 ai | 剆 tsih |
| 欲 yuh |  | 予 | 身 $\operatorname{shin}$ | 由 yiu |
| 羊 | 喿 |  |  |  |
| 善 shan |  | 有 joh | 尼niih | 是 sh |
| 勿 wuh | 得 ${ }^{\text {tah }}$ | 商文 tih | 列 lih | 大 |
| 聼ting | 啡 | 殺 shah | 馬 |  |
| 琼 |  |  |  |  |
| 于手 sheu | 太 yin | X kih | 維 ${ }^{10}$ |  |
| 取k＇ü | 此 ts ＊ | 今 king | 金 king | 行 hing |

## The Full．

## 5.

Of all which they desired（0），
There was nothing not instantly granted， Yet wished they the good and evil fruit， They must－not listen to the hand＇s taking it．

$$
6 .
$$

One informed them saying＂Can eat，
Perhaps you ought to see＂．（0），
They heard the words，felt and took， Getting sin was because－of this．

## 7.

Their second son ${ }^{6}$ Abel ${ }^{\text {c（2）}}$
Sheep offered，with a believing heart，
Their elder（longer）son，as elder－brother， Vengefully killed him；thus it is till now．

## 8.

So caused that race，
Solely to rest in gain and name，
To love the body and dote－on beauty，
Multiply horses and gather gold．

## 9.

The Father＇s mind was－not as formerly， His servant already clearly－saw，
Then from that time，
The great waters to the four quarters went．


## 10.

Whirled, scatiered, the whole world diedWhy ask for classes and companies!
But those who turned to the square shelter, Then were the same-with righteous men.

## 11.

The dwellers eight, their followers (the animals) were by sevens, Each drew them into the gate.

## Redemption.

## 12.

Therefore again, He watched-over taught, And greatly adding to the world's happiness, Sent down Jesus, (2)
He is really the Saving Lord.

## 13.

In rank, the midst of Three,
In relations he came-out of the Five, " In the flower of his years, came-to the temple, In the assembly, ${ }^{\text {o }}$ he received the books.

## 14.

He joined in covenant many scholars, Certainlyunderstood principlesand numbers, Regulated rites, observed laws, And controlled his twelve disciples.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 西 } \text { si }_{\text {mai }} \\
& \text { 山 山 shan } \\
& \text { 乎 hu }
\end{aligned}
$$

| 幾르를 |  <br>  | 筑兴米三\＃ミ．ミ |  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 䜹気相紋 <br>  |  <br>  |

# 15. <br> Jerusalem ${ }^{f}$ and Capernaum，a city and town， To Babylon and Media were ways and roads， Judea（2）was a kingdom（0）， Sinai（ 0 ）a monntain（0）． 

## 16. <br> A King，yet（and）meek and gentle， The after chapter illustrates these．

## Notes．

a．（0）Marks the place of an expletive，which is untranslatable． －（2）indicates that two characters are rendered by one word． （ ）indicates that the word enclosed is the usual rendering，or an obvious explanation．
b．Lit．middle propagation．
c．In Foreign names，the characters stand only for syllables． Those for Abel，are 侵inferior or secondly，and 伯lord or uncle．
d．The 五•倫 five social relations．
君臣，父子，夫媂，兄弟，朋友，
The＂flower of his years＂－at the age of twelve．
$e$ ．The Synagogue．Luke IV． 16.
$f$ ．In names，the first or last character is frequently taken for the whole．The following are the significations of those in this verse
垥 cold，边 a Budhist deity，凹a handful，gripe or blow，米 rice，溌 like，yet，太 great，huge，西 west，乃（0）。

|  | 綱 |  | 出 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 第 ti | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \text { 既 } \\ & \text { 䘽 tsing } \\ & \text { 營 ying } \\ & \text { 事 } \mathrm{pi} \\ & \text { 幕 mo } \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 世 | 4 |
|  |  |  | 母imu | 會 tsten |
|  |  |  | 代sh | 緣 yuen |
|  |  |  | 瑟 sah | 夢 mung |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 章 chang |  |  |  |  |
| 耶 ye穌 su興hing孝教kian | 赦 sheh | 顯 hien | 少 shau | 曶 hwoh |
|  | 過 ko | 成 ch＇eng | 小 siau | 產 ch＇an |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 拯 cheng | IJ kung | 1待 |  |
|  | 逃 t＇au | 労㐘 lau | 毣ts |  |
|  |  | 追 |  |  |
|  | 方造 | 浐 | 违 |  |
|  | 選 süen | 梯 kuïh | 谷 yung |  |
|  | 代 tai | 本 peń | 素su |  |
|  | 贖 ${ }^{\text {shuh }}$ | 初tsu | 端 tuan |  |
|  | 聲 ${ }^{\text {sheng }}$ | 垂 chu＇e | 聞 |  |
|  | 榓 ch＇eng |  |  |  |
|  | 寿 | 为 | 生 |  |
|  | 面 yih | 次 ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | 較 kiau |  |
|  | 高kau | 曹 ts＇au | 細 si |  |

## CHAPTER II.

TREATS OF THE RISE OF CHRISTIANITY,

## Leading Topics.

## 1.

Himself ${ }^{a}$ formed a skin tabernacle,
Pardoned transgression, succored refugees, In the chosen's (2) stead paid ransomHis fame and praise become more high.

## 2.

He fully passed-through bitter hardships, Displayed complete his meritorious toil, Pursuing his original beginning, We will condescendingly instruct you (2).

## Christ's Advent.

## 3.

His mother (2) Joseph's wife, Of few years and small, waiting marriage ${ }^{\iota}$, Was of lily face and habitually correct, Her fragrant nature incomparably refined.

## 4.

Having from a dream conceived, She suddenly gave-birth to a male heir.

| 5 時 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 東 tung | 后 heu | 造 tai | 畜 1 lioh | 向 hing |
| 界kiai | 皇 hwang | 君 kiuing | 老 ${ }^{\text {law }}$ | 野 se |
| 友 ${ }^{\text {yin }}$ | 最 ${ }^{\text {tsue }}$ | 卒 tsolh | 革 keh | 翰 han |
| 師sh | 忽 jin | 汥moh | 荒 hwang | 呼 hu |
| 軍 kuing | 按 ${ }^{\text {an }}$ | 率 soh | 龍 1 | 悔hwo |
| 光kwang | $\bar{j}_{\text {hu }}$ | 軬kiuen | 現 | 父 |
| tsiang | 謬 ${ }^{\text {luh }}$ | 返fin | 首 sheu | 務 wu |
| 視st | 刑 hing | 止 ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ | 舉 ${ }^{\text {kii }}$ | 切 $\mathrm{ts}^{\text {sib }}$ |
| 浩 tssau | 夜 | 仍 jin | 免mien |  |
| 至sthil | 深s sheng | 恐 k wng | 舆 ${ }^{\text {yu }}$ |  |
| juh | 投 ${ }^{\text {ten }}$ | 勒 1 ah | 幸 ling | 河 |
| 臨 ling | 遠 yuen | 召 clan | 哉 tsai | P？ |
| 优fill | 避 pi | 挪 no | 原 y y |  |
| 拜 ${ }^{\text {pai }}$ | 境 $\mathrm{king}^{\text {g }}$ | 頁fu |  |  |
| 依 | 藏 tsinng $^{\text {a }}$ | 脫toh | 終clung |  |
| 次 $\mathrm{s}^{\text {s }}$ | 形 ling | 去 ${ }^{\text {ciii }}$ | 始 | 越的 |

## His Infuncy.

## 5.

From the Eastern border, friendy Masters, The host of lights minutely beholding, Approach the room, humbly arrive, Bow-down and worship according-to order.

## 6.

The king (2) was most unfeeling, Each door he cruelly punished, At night late (deep) Joseph dashed afar, And flying the region hid his person.

## 7.

Waiting till the prince deceased (2),
He led his relations and returning stopped, Yet afraid-of a compulsory summons, Escaping bore away the child and went.

## 8.

When a beast is old, his hide is bare, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ When a dragon appears, his head is raised, Escaped (avoided)(0)! how fortunate( ${ }^{0}$ )! Originally he has no end or beginning.

## His Baptism.

9. 

Towards the desert John cried, Repent, reform, take-care to be earnest. Christ came to baptism at the river's brink, Observed the rite, and did not transgress.

| 10 | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \text { 見 } \\ 11 & \text { 試 } \end{array}$ | 12 | 13 | 14 首 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 壁 | 堂 | 粚 | 修 | 乘 |
| 㑾 pi | 旨 chang | ft ping | 修 siu | 珧 ch＇eng |
| 樹 shu | 遇 yu | 命 ling | 德tah | 驢 1 li |
| 娃 kih | 魔 mo | 俯fu | 睘 $t^{\text {tu }}$ | 雚¢ ${ }^{\text {chwan }}$ |
| 管 | 臓 |  | 据 | 鹪入 |
| 果 ko | 試 sh | 肝 wang | 報pau | 樂 luh |
| 適 ${ }^{\text {shin }}$ | 指 ch | 䣽 tsun | IE chen | 總 |
| k＇eu | 併 ping | 栄 y y | 直 chih | 隹 |
| 維 | 爯 | 虽 $\mathrm{k}_{\text {ciang }}$ | 㒳 liang |  |
| 維 we | 淒 | 蚛 ${ }^{\text {kiang }}$ | 虎 |  |
| 悅 yüih | 遺 | 施 sh | 氟以 hio | 愚 y y |
| 䂞 feu | 押 yak |  | 奉 fung | 條 |
| ， | 登 teng |  | 諭 yü |  |
|  |  |  |  | 誡 ${ }^{\text {k }}$ |
| 刃 jin | 呂 kung |  | 拐吾 tsun | 張 chang |
| 䜝斤tuan | 屋 ${ }^{\text {uh }}$ |  | 遣 $\mathrm{k}^{\prime} \mathrm{ien}$ | 布pu |
| 便 ${ }^{\text {pien }}$ | 崇 ts＇ung |  | 烏 | 星 |
| 付fu | 坷 wan |  |  | 治 |
| 林 | 被 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 县 |  |
| 烈 lih | 㩦 hi |  | 余 yü | 霝 |

10. 

He used the parable of a tree bearing fruit; Suiting the mouth it only gives pleasure, Otherwise, totally theblade will-cutit down, Thercon to be handed-over to burning fierce.

## His Temptation.

## 11.

He once met the Devil's trying,
Who pointing toloaves, strove to bestow them And carrying him ascended a palatial house, To a lofty wall was he led-up.

## 12.

Also bidding him bend-downand look abroad, Exalted glory he forcibly offered (gave).

## 13.

"Tocultivate virtuemapping-out itsrewards, Makes honesty and rectitude both void. Obeying orders fulfilling my mission, How dare you tempt me"!

## His preaching.

## 14. .

He rode an ass when he rejoiced (2), Together gathered the wise and stupid, The lines of command, spread-out (2), Saying "To rule and govern belongs to me.

|  |  | 17 施 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 攻 ${ }^{\text {kung }}$ | 䧟 hien | 花 hwa | 曜 kï |  |
| 軼 ${ }^{\text {kih }}$ | 諆 meu | 梙 neng |  |  |
| 審 ${ }^{\text {kih }}$ | 䛞 | 嫩 n ng | 走 | 忍 wang |
| 違 we | wang | 易 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 災 tsai | 足 tsuh |
| 朔 niih | 獄 yulı | 敗 ${ }^{\text {pai }}$ | 絶 tsiiih | 畏 we |
| 常 ch＇ang | 漕 tsau | 麥 meh | 好 hau | 頓 |
| 聚tsii | 患 hwan | 掃sau | 甲 kiah | 害 hai |
| 俊 ehing | 沙 sha | 定 ting |  | 體 ${ }^{\text {ti }}$ |
| 英ing | 洲 clieu | 留 ${ }^{\text {lin }}$ | 俱 kï | 魂 hwon |
| 旨 ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ | 統t＇ung | 類 lue | 仇ch＇eu |  |
| 斥 chilh | 轄 hiah | 反 ${ }^{\text {fan }}$ | 怒 | 封 sh |
| 氣 ${ }^{\text {k }}$ | 的 | 鳥 niau | 財 ts＇ai | 庇pi |
| 責 ${ }^{\text {tsal }}$ | 裔 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 獸 shen | 據 kü | 䆁 $\operatorname{shih}$ |
| 隠 ing | 征 chen | 穀 kuh． | 兵ping | 藉 tseh |
| 暗 an | 途tı | 養 yang | 奪 toh | 謝 sie |
| 苜 pih | 遍 pien | 弗 fuh | 車 che | 恩 |
| 陳 cheng | 周 cheu | 憂 yiu | 驅 $\mathrm{k}^{\prime \prime}$ | 乍jin |

## 15.

I attack and smite disobedient opposers, Constantly collect the excellent and brave, Self-will reprove, passion (vapor) rebuke, The secret and dark, to the utmost display."

## 16.

He fell-into plots, and fled ${ }^{4}$ imprisonment, Encountered affliction in the sandy isles, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Generally swayed the lineal descendants, In progressive journeys everywhere circulated.

## His Teuchings.

## 17.

The flower ${ }^{f}$ tender easily wastes, Wheat in sweeping is certainly retained. Our race is contrary to birds and beasts, Which for grain to nourish do-not grieve.

## 18.

Dread loss, and calamity will-cease, Love war, and confusion comes-with it, If hatred rages, and riches are clutched, Soldiers seize and chariots drive them away.

## 19.

Who forgets him who is enough to be feared? He at-once injures body and soul. You ought to rest-on his protection (2), Dependently thank his grace and goodness.

|  | 立 |  |  | 定 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 22 |  | 24 例 |
| 學 hioh | 海 hai | 目 muk | 龵pang | 燔 fan |
| 别pih |  | 紀 ki | 都tu | 牡 meu |
|  |  | 矜 king | 省 ${ }^{\text {sheng }}$ | 割 koh． |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 派 } \mathrm{p}^{\prime} \mathrm{cii} \end{aligned}$ | 哥 |  | $\text { 首 }{ }^{\text {sheng }}$ | 槀 juh |
| 埃 yai |  | $\pm$ | 南 ${ }^{\text {nan }}$ |  |
| 田 ${ }_{\text {tien }}$ | yeh | yang | 北 pel | 例 ${ }_{\text {li }}$ |
| 許hü | 速 suh | 讚 tsan | 半pan | 雖 sue |
| 置 ch |  | 美 me | 經 ${ }^{\text {king }}$ | 存．ts＇un |
| 敬 king | 復 | 默 ${ }^{\text {meh }}$ | 每 me |  |
| 妄 wang | 武 | 記 ki | 念 nian | 牛 niu |
| 呈 liang | 請 tsing | 形 $\mathrm{k}^{\prime} \mathrm{l}$ | 俈tsien | t＇ah |
| 分fen | 随 ${ }_{\text {sue }}$ | 文 wen | 僞 | 犢 tuh |
| 詛 tsu | 願 yuen | 通t＇ung | 化 hwa |  |
| 禁 king | 離 ${ }^{1 i}$ | 達 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 導 | 獻 hien |
| 祝 chuh | 鄉 hing | 古 ku | 平ping | 㟔 |
| 極 k ih | 里 ${ }^{\text {li }}$ | 史 sh | 情 tssing | 斤欠 hing |

## 20.

The doctrine distinguishes classes (2), Some in Eden (2), it promises to place, Reverence and deceit, it well divides, To curse forbids, in blessing is extreme.

## His Disciples.

$$
21 .
$$

By the sea, he called the brothers ${ }^{5}$ (2), They cast-aside theirbusiness, hastentorise, His sandal steps beg to follow, Willing to forsake their neighborhood (2).

## 22.

Their eyes recorded his compassions (2), With a will they spread his praise, Silently memorised the prayer-form, Opened (2) their minds to ancient history.

$$
23 .
$$

Kingdom, capital, province, metropolis, North and South, they half traversed, Ever thinking ${ }^{h}$ of the blasphemous and false, Reformed, led them, calmed their passions.

## His Ordinances.

$$
24 .
$$

Burnt males and the cutting of the flesh, By the old ordinance, though retained, Yet lamb, cow, ox, and calf, $A s$ gifts, and offerings, what pleasure?

|  | 行 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 26 奇 | 27 | 28 | 29 |
| 私。 | 著 ${ }^{\text {chu }}$ | 鬼kwe | 詣i | 助 tsur |
| 喘 yi | 語 yü | 溷 chuh | 船 ch＇uan | 空 han |
| 等 |  |  |  |  |
| 公 kung | 買 kwe | 勆 ping | 波po | 賴 |
| 形壽tau | ¢俞 y ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 醫i | 面 mien | 他t＇a |
| 葡 $p^{\prime} u$ |  | 活 wu | 息s | 䆺 sheng |
| 萄 t＇au | 畧 lioh | 解 kiai | 風 fung | 生 pran |
| 飲 ing | 更 ken | 禍 ho | 向 cheu | 咸 |
| 傾 k＇ing | 接 ${ }^{\text {tsih }}$ | 滅mih | 底 ${ }^{\text {t }}$ | 已 ki |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 開k'ai } \\ & \text { 堂 } \end{aligned}$ | 顧 ku | 葬 tsang | 愈，yü |  |
| 坴 t＇ang | 㮔 chung |  | 疾 tsih | 犯fan |
| 誠 ch＇eng雚力 k‘üen | 牧 muh 傷 shang | 寢 ts＂ing興 hing | 璦 hwan <br> 倠 kwan |  |
| 引 ying | 从 $\operatorname{sih}$ | 捫 meng | 活 hwoh | 重 ching |
| 證 chen | 朝 chau | 衣i | 琼 sang | 權 k ${ }^{\text {cuen }}$ |
| 宣 süen | 歳 sue | 婦fu | 侍 | 獨 |
|  | F y ${ }^{\text {fin }}$ | 潔 kih | 喜 l | 任 jin |

## 25.

But private supplication, public prayer, The grape (2), to drink and pour, To open the hall, and sincerely exhort, Adduce evidence, and proclaim the sound ${ }^{i}$ -

## His Miracles.

## 26.

Publishing Christ's words, we valueparables His miracles briefly in-turn succeed, He guarded the plant,shepherded thebruised Evening and morning, for years and months;

## 27.

Devils expelled, sickness healed,
The unclean released, misery extinguished, The buried in the grave, from slumber rose, Touchinghis clothes, a woman was cleansed.

## 28.

He visited a boat, on the wave's face And stilled the wind, in the bark's bottom, Recovered sick, around looked-on him, Revived dead, standing-by rejoiced.

## 29.

For help little did he depend-on another, Even the judgment (2) is all his own, He punishes offenders, widely rescues, And weighty authority alone sustains.

|  | 預 |  | 既 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 31 言 | 32 | 33 終 |  |
| 固 ku | 昔文 san | 廢 fe | 工 kung | 動 tung |
| 保 pau | 編 pien | 園 yuen | 徍 yuh | 偕 hiai |
| 发 | 窉 |  |  |  |
| 盛 sheng | 賽 ${ }^{\text {coi }}$ | 吉 kih | 貧 p'ing | 新 sing |
| 桖 ying | 說 shoh | 壤jang | 富 fu | $\text { 娶 } \mathrm{k}^{\prime} \mathrm{u}$ |
| 恒 heng | 錄 luh | 公頁 tsing | F | 香 hiang |
| 懐 hwai | 久 kiu | 粚 tue | 右 yiu | 供 kung |
| 共 kung | 兆 chau | 誰 sue | 近 king | 酒 tsiu |
| 順 shun | 伊i | 其敒 $\mathrm{k}^{\prime} \mathrm{i}$ | 交 kiau | 邀 yau |
| 外 wai | 圼积 hwe | 街 kiai | 会 | 婞 |
| pau | 竽 y ${ }^{\text {保 }}$ | 哥 ${ }^{\text {k }}$ k | 北侖 |  |
| k pau | 于 yu | 可 ${ }^{\text {ko }}$ | 戸䍏 lŭn | 田 yiu |
| 内 nue | 再 tsai | 谷 kuh | 龙 yiu | 骩 kau |
|  | 建 kien | 應 ing | 服 fuh | 坐tso |
| 庶 shu | 預 yü | 㿞pe | 班pan | 流 liu |
| 幾 ki |  | 讓 jang | 旅 1 i | 血．hüih |
| 單戈chan | 末 moh | 曲 kiu | 盡：tsing | 憫ming |
| 勝 sheng | 期ki | 思。 | 招 chau |  |

## 30.

Firmly guard abundance full,
Ever cherish respectful obedience, And outward violence, inward depravity, You almost-certainly (2) fight victoriously.

## Prophecies.

## 31.

In scattered essays, Isaiah spoke,
And the record long fore-tokened it, The demolished temple should againbe-built, He fore-reckoned (2) the final period.

## 32.

Waste gardens turn to happy ground, Compare (2) thefulfilment-whowill despise? In the streets songs, in the vallies answers, Must yield to repeated ${ }^{j}$ thought.

## His Last Days

$$
33 .
$$

Artisans, officials, poor and rich, Left and right held near intercourse, To his casual discourses heartily submitted, Their class companions all summoned,

## 34.

Moved together-with the Bridegroom (2),
Odours effered, to wine invited, Held oil and anointed him sitting at meat. When flowed his blood, he pitiously cried.

羅力


## Exhortation.

## 35.

Wisdom as the rain, mercy as the clouds, With thunderinghorndisseminate,show forth He bore the cross, and of it built an altar, $A s$ priests took the ark $^{k}$, and bore the vessels.

## 36.

Inspect the goods, estimate the silver,
The red and white ${ }^{2}$, you must give-
We have handled important, taken-up lead-ing-topics-
He is fit to enjoy an ever-lasting throne.

## 37.

His family (2), solitary and insignificant, Grandfather, grandson answer the recordMay we together obtain conveyance to enter, Where it-is-sworn is no sorrow or weeping.

## 38.

Image likenesses, why dote-on (2), ?
Brass, iron, stone, and wood,
Begintobeintelligent burst adulterous wiles, Uppermost consider a change of customs.

## Notes．

a．親 usually signifies a near relation but the usage in this place，which is a frequent one，suggests the idea that one＇s nearest relation is himself．
Hereafter the pronouns will not be italicised，where they are plainly implied．This first line contains a natural，though inelegant figure for the incarnation．
b．Lit．letters，referring to the marriage contract．
c．The disclosure of Herod＇s real character．The＂dragon＂an emblem of the divine，refers to Christ．
d．亡 usually means to perish．
e．＂Sandy isles＂－oases．
$f$ ．Though the following lines are not exact citations of Scrip－ ture，the reader will readily recall passages in which the ideas occur．
g．Lit．Elder brother and Younger brother．
h．＂Thinking＂compassionately．
i．Contract for 福音 the Happy Sound，the Gospel． There is here an ellipsis，which is readily supplied．
$j$ ．Lit．nine thoughts．
k．Lit．Desk．In．S．S．約匱 ark of the covenant．
l．＂Red and white＂Gold and Silver．

## CHAPTER III.



## CHAPTER III.

## HUMAN AFFAIRS

## Accoumtability.

## 1.

Opening the cave, his corpse revived, Spurned the empty air, and rose aloft, The jewelled throne, he rested-on (2), Trial words, he will-speedily complete.

## 2.

Offences and faults, he judges ${ }^{\text {a }}$ lightly, Redresses ${ }^{b}$ wrongs difficult and huge, Arouses the blinded, awakes the deluded, And the gloomy palace ${ }^{c}$ withstands (2),

## Diligence.

## 3.

Measuring talents, he commits (2), trusts; Encompasses with wings, supports, holds us, Withedicts, prohibitionspersuadesinstructs, Morning and eveningmirror yourselfin these.

## 4.

The boy's class should-read and recite, Songs select, poems search, Front-teeth and molars, repeat, expound, Remote and near equally generalize ${ }^{d}$.

| 幼 |  | 壯 |  | $\pm$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 年． | 6 | 7 歲 |  | 9 業 |
| 夋 yüen | 秉 ping | 幼 yiu | 克 ${ }^{\prime}$＇ah | 烳 poh |
| 監 kien | 質 chih | T ting | 伐fah | 咾 |
| 監 ${ }^{\text {kien }}$ | 皟 ${ }^{\text {chin }}$ |  | 1 |  |
| 賏 ing | 清 ts ${ }^{\text {cing }}$ | 漸 tsien | 驕 kiau | 簡 kien |
| 孩 hai | 囱 ts $^{\text {coung }}$ | 壯 chŭang | 緃 ${ }^{\text {tsung }}$ | 篇 P＇ien |
| 胎 ${ }^{\text {trai }}$ | \|兓 kai | 習 $\sin$ | kiung | 几 ki |
| 元 yüen | 阝余 ch＇u | 染 jan | 抑ih | 筵 yien |
| 証建 tan | 雜 tsah | 姝 ch＇u | 不 kw＇eng | 革力 $\mathrm{k}^{\text {＇ing }}$ |
| 育 yuh | 慾 yuh | 童 toung | 笨k＇iung | 讀 t＇uh |
| 点 kih | 瓦 suh | 詭 kv | 倘 t＇ang | 琴 |
| 峏 |  |  | 减 |  |
| Lu | 㗓 $\mathrm{k}^{\prime} \mathrm{ien}$ | 謙 $\mathrm{k}^{\text {cien }}$ | 中感 han | 器 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ kien |
| II k＇ih | 洪 hung | 襲 $\operatorname{sih}$ | 墇 to | 通而 tuan |
| 饑 ki | 沾 chan | 貎 mau | 落 luh | 遊 yiu |
| 席 | $\pm$ |  | 機 | 專 chioan |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 隹 wo | 里 tsau | 厌 | 訹 sluli | 每 wu |
| 綿mien | 濯 choh | 匿 niih | 觅 | 惧 shei |
| 束 shuh | 才 muh | 衰 chung | yun | 篤 |

## 5.

Do-but contemplate infiant children,
From the womb at-first born and nourished,
Impatient for milk, they weep for hunger,
On matting sleep, in cotton wrapped.
6.

Endowed with talents ${ }^{c}$ pure and intelligent, Altogether exclude mixed desires, With the primitive offence greatly tainted, Why-not early wash (2) (foot and head)?

## Youth.

$$
7
$$

Tender youth gradually strengthening, Acquire stains diverse-from lads. Deceit and modesty lurk in thecountenance, Terror and laughter hide in the bosom,

## Mranhood.

## 8.

Emulation, and pride, are let-loose,
To persecute and oppress the helpless poor,
If you abhor falling ${ }^{f}(2)$,
The instrument and art, how simple!
Scholars.

## 9.

Learnedly voracious of brief essays, On bench, at feast, some diligently read, Some with harp and sabre restlessly rove, Intent on insulting the careful and solid.

|  | 脹 |  | I． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 11 田 | 12 | 13 匠 |  |
| $\Gamma_{\text {sh }}$ | 泥 l | 交队 kiau | 操tstau | 酬 ch＇eu |
| 軵 tsioh | 塗tu | 塄 ch＇ang | 尺 chio | 䛧 chih |
| 櫎 kw＇ang | 奔 peng | 收 sheu | 渾 yiing |  |
| 宫 kwan | 超tseu | 積 tsih | 斤 king | 䫡 ch＇ang |
| It'an |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 繼 ki } \\ & \mathrm{n} \ddagger \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | 係 hi | 泶tstien |
| thu | 認 jin | 蹟tsih | 言奔 kw＇a | 刀 tau |
| 㗈。 | 農 nung | 厚 heu | 㑧 kih | 還 hwau |
| 佛 fuh | 耕 keng | 豐 fung | 歩pu | It hu |
| 唯 fah | 沾 tsah | 四壽 ch＇eu | 弓 kung | 若 keu |
| 稞 li | 灌 kwan | 相 sia |  | 㥉 wu |
|  | 隹 | 先 |  |  |
|  | 烟 y y | 黄 y ing | IIIL．ming | 了 liau |
| 朋 prung | 植 chih | 䩧 küih | 料liau | 休 hiu |
| 輪 lŭn | 抹 moh | 曲 k＇uih | 精 tsing | 連 lin |
| sü | 露 | 跪 kwe | 粗 ts＇u |  |
| 䜿 kien | 踐tsien | 虔k＇ien | 製ch | 䞶 ${ }^{\text {ts }}{ }^{\text {cü }}$ |
| 覆 fuh | 塵 ch＇eng | 茳 tsing | 鑄 chu | 趛fu |

10. 

Corpses with titles, barren mandarins, Some covet bliss and sacrifice to Budh, Of their Pharisce (2) friends,
The wheel, they should look-at, upturneds.
Husbandmen.
11.

In clay and mud running and walking, I stealthy recognize the farmer ploughman, At the pools irrigating, in the mists planting, Brushing-off the dews, and trampling the dust

## 12.

In suburban grounds, he gathers and stores, The fruits of successive (2) thick abundance, In the furrow meditates, dreads judgment, Bending kneels, and piously seeks.

## Artisans.

## 13.

Wield the foot-rule, whirl the pound-axe, Are boastful of heroic steps ${ }^{h}$, Hows, arrows, vessels, materials, Fine and coarse, they manufacture or cast.

## Merchants.

14. 

They refund prices, exhaust payments, Fountain knives surround on-either-hand, if they should-reflect on the final end, With connectedsteps, they would runand go.

| 商 |  | 居 |  | 服 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 装 | 16 | 17 家 | 18 | 19 官 |
| 市 sh | 倍pe | 嘉 kia | 剆 k ah | poh |
| 䧉 | 倍 | 咸 | 溥 |  |
| 勻 ${ }^{\text {yii }}$ | 恩 $y^{\text {y }}$ | 咸tsih | 谩 ${ }^{\text {poh }}$ | 貝 |
| 井 tsing | 典 tien | 看k「on | 辟 chau | 徎 cheng |
| 際tsi | 掌 chang | 承 ch＇eng | 衰 shwai | 哲 cheh |
| 買 mai | 貢 kung | 昆 kwuัn | 憐 1 lien | 荷 ho |
| 賣 mai | 秎 shŭe | 玉 yü | 惜 sih | 政 cheng |
|  | 殷 ing | 歌ts | 奴 ${ }_{\text {加 }}$ | 輸 shu |
| 去碞＇ioh | 錢tstien | 純suin | $\text { 普 } \mathrm{p}^{\prime} \mathrm{u}$ | 俘fu |
| ¢ ying | 滿man | 孝 hiau | 護 hu | 叛ppan |
| 嚴 yai | － | 谷 | 根 keng | 御 yu |
|  |  | ＋ | 忖keng |  |
| 島 tau | 搇 jang | 懽 hwan | 源 yüen | 盜 ${ }^{\text {tau }}$ |
| 坦t＇an | 鍳 chu | 岳pe | 康 k＇ang | 騐 yien |
| 坷 k＇o | 庫 $\mathrm{k}^{\text {d }}$ | 弱 joh | 寧 | 们 ing |
| 江 kiang | 穹 $\mathrm{k}^{\text {ciung }}$ | 佑 yiu | 允 yüing | 分頁pan |
| 泙 yang |  |  |  | 圭打fung |
| H yang | 倉tsing | 空 | 笖。 | 土碞 |

## 15.

At the market corner at the well's brink, Buying and selling is the stranger merchant, He rejects ${ }^{j}$ or welcomes precipitous islands, The smooth or rough of rivers or oceans.

## 16.

Double, ten-fold, he counts ${ }^{k}$ in his palm, Tributes and duties are vast and numerous, Of money full, they think-of theftLocate your treasury in the concave azure.

## The Family.

## 17.

Worthy relatives, see acceptance, Brother gems, elder-sister and younger, Pure filial piety, a father delights-in, The humble and weak, protects, comforts.

## 18.

Meanness (2) begins decay,
Be-kind and sparing to slaves and maids, Widely defend the root and fountain, Tranquillity and peace will be secure.

## Officers.

## 19.

They divine the virtuous, test the worthy, Bearing government, repay fidelity ${ }^{l}$, They capture the rebel, restrain the robber, Examine the stamp, distribute the seals.

|  | 行 |  | 悔 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 21 善 | 22 | 23 罪 |  |
| 㝰 ping | 崗 kang | 偏 p ${ }^{\text {Pien }}$ | 諽 king | 㞍 1 i |
| 両li | 般 $\mathrm{p}^{\prime}$ 品 | 側 tsah | 恪 k＇ioh | 網 wang |
|  | 昌 |  | 密 |  |
| 且 tsu | 辰 ch＇eng | 坴 ${ }^{\text {luh }}$ | 密 mịh | 㮩 lung |
| 蔽 pi | 屈 kiai | 査 ${ }_{\text {dien }}$ | 盟．ming | 惟 ${ }^{\text {l }}$ |
| 變 hing | 湖 hu | 地 k＇i | 譽 yï | 昌 chiang |
| 詰 kih |  | 擐 hwai |  |  |
| 号 |  |  |  |  |
| 貌 miau | 星 sing | 岸 an | 似。 | 閉 $\mathrm{l}^{\text {pi }}$ |
| 躬kung | 遷 ts＇ien | 堅 kien | 赫hah | 塞 ${ }^{\text {salh }}$ |
|  | 㱏 yien |  | 淒 chŭan |  |
|  |  | 成 | 限 y ${ }^{\text {ren }}$ |  |
| 奏 tsen | 薬 yoh |  | 㗅 ping |  |
| 職 chih | 䢰 sung | 「尛hih | $\frac{\text { 薨 hung }}{}$ | 淪 $\lim$ |
| 曷 hoh | 需 sit |  | king | 况 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 矿 yien | 长儿 l | 惐 hwe | 囱隹tu |  |
| 寛 kw＇an | 糧 liang | 侵 tsing | 弥岛 yiu | 殘ts＇m |
| 库 hung | 損kiten | 产尞に゙ien | 坐 heh | 賊 tseh |

## 20.

If guests or subordinates hinder andobrtruct "The fault seek in $m y$ unworthy person" ${ }^{m}$ They wait the chariot report their office, How can we weary of magnanimous officers?

## Good Works.

## 21.

Hill and cliff, with dawn they arrive-at, The Lake and Han, by the stars pass-over, To prolong age, medicine they present, For needy hunger, provision contribute.

$$
22 .
$$

Uneven sideling ground they settle, Tumbling decaying banks they strengthen, Whence would they fight and quarrel Dirt and filth provoke and draw.

## Retribution.

## 23.

Cautious, dignified, scrupulous in covenant, Their praises and rewards seem dazzling, In the turning of an eye, they fall and die, And dread to behold gloom and darksness.

$$
24 .
$$

Guilt's net, perveresely encounter, The prosperous road is closed, stopped-up, Hugging vain regrets they sink-down (2), Much-more who combine cruelty and theft.

| 偑 |  | 設 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 教 | 26 | 27 譬 | 28 | 29 |
| 邪 sie | 嫁 kia | 板pan | ＇狂kw＇ang | 房 |
|  | 多 | 杜 | J |  |
| 堂 tang | 怨 yüen | 柱 chu | 大 k＇üen | 古 she |
| 毒：tuh | 仗 chang | 我 ${ }^{\text {wa }}$ | 虐 nioh | 樓 leu |
| 蛇 | 威 ${ }^{\text {we }}$ | 塔t＇ah | 鄰 ling | 臺 ${ }^{\text {taia }}$ |
| 合頁 ling | 鳴ming | 㮖 king | 岡川 kang | 只 ts |
| 立乃 |  |  |  |  |
| 部pu | 敳 ku | 早，chang | 㝼 fen | 堪 k＇an |
| 夻tteng | 莫 mo | 榜 yang | 姑 ku | 住 chu |
| 口筮 sh |  | 制ch | 遜 süin | 佰 suh |
| 古 sheh | 濱 ping | －带 | 放 fang | 哬 sh |
| 窢mih | 泿te | 軗 | 㫿 $\tan$ |  |
| 蚛 | 退 |  | 刀含 ${ }^{\text {tan }}$ |  |
| 售 sheu | 篇 lŭn | 帕 pa | 裸 lo | 牲 seng |
| \＃kan | 逾yü | 懸 hüen | 腹 fuh | 禽 k＇ing |
| 县 hwe | 坴 | 零 ling | $\chi_{\text {毛mau }}$ | 象 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 旲 ${ }^{\text {kwa }}$ | n | 笋 | 枵 chwan |
| 何i | 頂 ting | 老 piau | 謧 pang | 閉 shan |
| 執 ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ | 替t＇i | 首希shih | 刺 ts ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 突t＇uh |

## The Malicious.

$$
25 .
$$

Corrupt cliques, venemous serpents, Lead companies to swallow, and devour, Their tongues honey, they sell sweet words, Destroy capture, and rest on force.

## 26.

They vent spleen and rely on power, He shall sound thedrum at evening season ${ }^{n}$ From thebrink retire, the mountainoverleap, ${ }_{(0)} \mathbf{F e w}^{0}$ will bear the duty in your stead.

## The Superficial.

## 27.

Board pillars, and tile towers,
Merely exhibit the pattern decreed; The belt to bind, the kerchief to suspend, Have scattered pearls for outside ornaments.

$$
28 .
$$

Rabid dogs oppress their neighborsTo their hard rage, gently yield, They let-out gall ${ }^{\circ}$ and bare their bellies, But a hair displaced (2) slander and pierce,

$$
29 .
$$

House cottage, loft or terrace ${ }^{f}$, We only can dwell-in for a night's-lodging, Lions, camels, cattle and birds, Emblems form, in motions sudden.

| 顾耶 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 憶穌 |  | 32 | 5 | 34 |
| 移i | 屡 le | 晹 tsien | 嚴 yien | 譍 nang |
| 麻 | 愔 | 枝 | 防 | 䋔 |
| 䂞 mo | 意 |  | ）fang | 䊼 chan |
| 䧰 su | 金丁 ting | 撻 t＇ah | 假 kia | 麻 ma |
| 虫䖵ch＇ung | 痛tiung | 打ta | 酵 kiau | 禣pu |
| 燃 jan | 意king | 渴 $\mathrm{k}^{\text {coh }}$ | 暫 chau | 菓ko |
| 燈 teng | 娀 ts＇ien | 擬 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 鰠 ts ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 几 cheu |
| 照 chau |  | 覧 yien | 慄 ${ }^{\text {lih }}$ | 葉 yeh |
| $\text { 算 }{ }^{k u}$ | 鋒 fung | 充 chiung | 柯pe | 肥fe |
| 忙 mang | 棘 kih | 腓 fe | 楀 yuh | 素 |
| 愧 | 辰kwa | 骨 | 合鳥 | 可 |
|  | 边 |  | 苞 |  |
| 錯 tsoh | 頭 ${ }^{\text {t }}$ ¢ | 慢man | 遁 ${ }^{\text {un }}$ | 橄 kan |
| 兰关 cha | 戴 tai | 折 cheh | 院 yuen | 㰖lan |
| 仰 niang | 袍pau | 龍 ${ }^{\text {che }}$ chung | 捕p＇u | 到 ${ }^{\text {tan }}$ |
| 慕 mo | ${ }^{1} p^{\prime}$＇ien | 堮 sheu | 魚yii | 敂süing |
| 革見king | 弾 yau |  | 射 |  |
|  | 业 ${ }^{\text {yau }}$ | 分 |  |  |
| 拊 fu | 紅 hung | 堛 tseng | 園 we | 11 ${ }^{\text {ch＇ũe }}$ |

## 30.

Move a milstone, and you wake insects, Kindle a lamp, you enlighten the blind. Make-haste to be ashamed of faults (2) Aspire (2) to see and be-united with God.

## Remembrance of Christ.

## 31.

Oft remember the nail's pain-
Christ at-last expired at the weapon's point, The thorny crown, his head bore, His robe skirts waved red.

$$
32 .
$$

They clipped a branch to scourge and strike, Thirsty, decreed him the briny cup-full, His leg bones, they were slow to breakFavor and age in-turn were added'.

## 33.

He sternly cautioned against false leaven, For-a-short-timedeclined the tremblingcup, Sellers of doves fled the court, Catchers of fish shot around.

$$
34 .
$$

The sack rent, flax must mend ${ }^{\text {s }}$, The fruit-tree cursed had leaves fat, They sought a beast to ride to Olivet (2) Coming-toZion trumpets(tubes)were-blown

## 愽正

35 宣教 36

| chin | 洮 soh |
| :---: | :---: |
| 枯 k＇u | 頁 |
| 抜p＇ah | 盤 pran |
| 草ts＇au | 蹈 |

爱 yiu
勇 yung
伸 sheng
回 ts＇iu


苗miau
系hi
俞ts＇i
魯lu


## 35.

He revives the withered，plucks the grass， Pardons the brave，enlarges the prisoner， His original race are but as Ts＇i and Lir，－ All classes come to service，Lï and Ens．

## Apostles of the Fuith．

## 36.

North and South，by the compass they tread， Compare the pole－star to distinguish lands， Through extreme cold，and extreme heat， They drag the staff and girdle they globe．

Notes．
a．Lit．doubts，but according to classic precedent used here for擬 to decide a doubt．
b．Lit．Snows，allays the burning wrongs．
c．The Powers of Darkness．
d．Lit．Push，i．e．push the comparison，類推
$e$ ．Lit．matter，substance．
$f$ ．Scil．falling into the above named faults．
g．i．e．take warning．
h．Lofty climbing．
i．Money，so called from the shape of ancient coin．息 is often used as a synonym for 錢
$j$ ．i．e．leaves．
\％．Lit．To rule or manage．典 a rule or canon．
l．Repay favor with fidelity．輸 also means defeat．
$m$ ．The language of a good officer，who makes himself responsible．
n．Denounce them at the evening of time，the end of the world．
o．Reformation is a personal affair．
p．Used for courage or audacity．
q．Great pains are taken with external things while the heart is left in the condition described in the next verse．
It is not easy to discover the pertinence of several expressions in this part of the chapter，but let it be remembered，they were put together merely for the purpose of using up a residuum of characters for which no place could be found elsewhere．
$r$ ．Isaiah 53．10．
s．Luke 5． 36.
t．With him all nations are alike，and all classes numbered a－ mong his followers．Lü，the family name of Kiang T＇ai kung， Eu，Euyang Siu；the one celebrated for military，the other for literary genius，and here employed to represent two grand divisions of society．

Since the previous pages were printed，the following has been suggested as an improved reading for part of verse 29.

## 牲駝狀象 禽閈啣突

Cows and camels form emblems，Birds dart，lions leap suddenly，牲 is chiefly used for sacrificial beasts，which may very pro－ perly be said to form emblems；though the emblematic character of the camel is not quite so clear．

## CHAPTER IV.

|  | 總 | 2 | \％天 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 第 ${ }^{\text {ti }}$ <br> 四 <br> 章 chang <br> 論 lim <br> 儔 ch＇eu <br> 類le | 幻面 | 模 | 腈tsting | 汛 siiins |
|  | 細 mien | 杪mo | 品 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 运sting |
|  | 迹 tsih | 楷k＇ie | 嵐 ${ }^{\text {nan }}$ | 雷 le |
|  | 溯 su | 秘 pi | 繚 liau | 奮 feng |
|  | 勳 hüing | 棎t＇an | 繞 jiau | 響 hiang |
|  | 供 tsing | 媔fim | 日詹 chan | 疏 |
|  | 鲜 | 劇 ${ }^{\text {kü }}$ | 限 ${ }_{\text {che }}$ | 准 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | 鮮 suin | 家，ku |  | 相 shüang |
|  | 缺k＇tiol | 暢 chrang |  | 雔 ch＇ŭe |
|  | 漏 ${ }^{\text {leu }}$ | 茂 meu | 㕠 siau | 凋 tiau |
|  | 擲 ${ }^{\text {chih }}$ | 灰台 | 霨 hia | 日覅 yang |
|  | H | 圌 | 杵 | 䫆 |
|  | T ${ }^{\text {pi }}$ |  | 几1 |  |
|  | 某mo | 贔 kw＇e | 林 ling | 早 han |
|  | 儔 ch＇eu | 聾 lung | 豊血 yien | 潦 1 ain |
|  | 塞 k：ien | 婨 tssien | 媿 | ${ }^{1}{ }^{\text {r }}$ |
|  |  | 众 | 采 | 薥目tih |
|  | 袁 shang | 㦱 ${ }^{\text {cha }}$ | 析 | 峑 |
|  | 参 ts＇an | 誤 wu | 渡 ${ }^{\text {tu }}$ |  |
|  | 可 k keu | 謬miu | 渻 sian | 倜 tiau |

## CHAPTER IV.

## MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS,

## 1.

In connected steps trace the Creator's merit, Very rare are its defects ${ }^{\text {(2) }}$ )
He cast-forth and gave cach-thing its class, Tuck-up clothes, together knock the head.

## 2.

Of model forms", the mystery if you fathom, Perplexing sorely $i s$ their full abundance, You almost expect the blind and deaf, All to repent their mistakes and errors.

## Meteorology.

## 3.

The clear air encircles us,
We gaze attentive on the storied vault, The sunset's ${ }^{\text {c }}$ lustre has a forest of beauties, Therainbow splendor passes-over and melts,

## 4.

Swift thunder fiercely echoes, The herb, frost hastens to wither, The bright and cloudy, drought and flood, Place face-to-face, Nuture's Alchemist " (2).

| 地 |  | 時 |  | $山$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 理 | 6 | 7 令 | 8 | 9 水 |
| 万交k＇au | 訬wı | 辩竍 pien | 靜 tsing | 代 tai |
| 等kiu | 歧に「i | 辰 ch＇eng | f chan | 嶘 yoh |
|  | 徑 | 年 |  |  |
| 喪 ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 1㜽 king | y | 姿 | 欽 ${ }^{\text {k＇ing }}$ |
| 區 $\mathrm{k}^{\prime} \mathrm{i}$ ． | 抄 ch＇au | 千 wu | 曉 hiau | 㞺定 |
| 長 ch＇ang | 併 ping | 監聚 tseu | 裁 ch | 渭 |
| 知 tŭan | 程 ch＇eng | 閱 уӥh | 缼炎 yien | JI |
| 明 |  | 先 |  |  |
| 湉kw＇eh | 斬 chan | 春 ch＇ün | 炒昭 sheh | 迢 t＇iau |
| 狹 hiah | 書川 hwah | 秋 ts＇iu | 硫 liu | 彪 |
| 行 kung |  | 雙 shwang |  |  |
| 凹⿺𠃊 | 疆 kiang | 九wan | 衡 heng | 險 hien |
| 崎 $\mathrm{k}^{\prime} \mathrm{i}$ | 仿 ${ }^{\text {toh }}$ | 跴 chih | 驗．yien | 自mih |
| 嶇 $\mathrm{k}^{\text {® }} \mathrm{u}$ | 輿 $\mathrm{yai}^{\text {a }}$ | 躅 chuh | 算 sŭau | ＋tsing |
| 场 ping | 變 man | 徒 kwe | 㑳tsiung | 渉 chilı |
| y | 腼 meh | 浙sh | 澽kü | 沙 sheh |
|  |  | 景 |  | 楼木 |
| 厓 ${ }^{\text {yai }}$ | 退 pau | 京年 |  |  |
| 峽 hiah | 吉川kwah | 渖 feu | 䟥薵 ch＇eu | 㗎 ${ }^{\text {dsi }}$ |

## Geography.

## 5.

Search, explore, the circle of space,
The long and short, broad and narrow, Bulged and sunken, rough and uneven, Ping's and Yien's, cliffs and passes.

$$
6 .
$$

The ẹring bye-way, a path may rectify , The urgent journey, a precipice interrupt, In layingboundaries, and opening territories, Barbarous and savage were embraced(2).

## Time.

$$
7 .
$$

We talk a morning, and arestartled by noon, We gallop over spring and autumn; The twin orbs jog-on (2), And on the dial, the passing shadow floats.

$$
8 .
$$

Quietly observe evening and morning, Swift as kindling flame or flashing sulphur, Globe and transverse ${ }^{f}$ verify calculation, Rapidly, suddenly Time rushes-on (2).

## Hills and Waters.

## 9.

The Tai Mountains are lofty and eminent, Across the We stream is a distant reach, Travellers chisel steeps to find crossings, They mount, wade, cling, and climb.

|  | 人 |  | 京 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 11 品 | 12 | 13 室 | 14 |
| 嶂 chang | 镸会 ${ }^{\text {tiaut }}$ | 荫尔 man | 畵 hwa | 跡 chai |
| 翋 | 傽 t＇ung | T | 榭 sie |  |
| M， | 厚 ${ }^{\text {timg }}$ | ， | 射 |  |
| 排 prai | 老ki | 个合 ling | 雕 tiau | \％ |
| 螺 10 | 者 k 㐌い | 俐 ${ }^{\text {li }}$ | 廊 lang | 庠 ts＇iang |
| 潮 chau | 倜tih | 縷lu | 複 fuh | 廩 |
| 晋 hwang | 㑽 t＇ang | 哬 sih | 堦 kiai | 㢄枵 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 弱㕱 | 侳 hiah | 胃fu | 灰 kiah | 㬉 |
| 驥 ${ }^{\text {ki }}$ | 豪 ${ }^{\text {han }}$ | 毠 Cau | 斿 y | 既 ${ }^{\text {kiu }}$ |
| 交hün | 遴 ling | 胞pau | 韭 | 衍 yien |
| 幻 hwan | 廌 tsien | pe | 瀶 $\mathrm{k}^{\text {cien }}$ | 慶k＇ing |
| 万rimu |  |  |  |  |
| 动 | － |  | ， |  |
| 㷯 cheng | 獎tsiang | 締ti | 白系mien | hiu |
| 佳 kia | 謟 ch＇an | 妙 miau | 綺 | V |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 现wan | 倣 |  | 岩 |  |
| 敒yiu | 譏 | 皮頁 poo | 輻 fuh | 榶me |
| 笴 ki | 嘲 ${ }^{\text {cham }}$ | 俍 ${ }^{\text {jau }}$ | 輳 ts ${ }^{\text {en }}$ | 構 keu |

## 10.

The summits greenare ranged likesea-shells, The tide yellow wafts galleys, Mysterious changes! skill extreme! Noble enjoyments are therein conveyed.

## Classes of Men.

## 11.

The uncombed lad, the bald greybeard, The careless (2) the daring, the generous, Selected forpromotion, stimulated by praise, Flatterers, proud, cynics and scorners.

## 12.

The stupid (2) and sprightly (2), Are distinguished skin and hair,. From the womb (2) fitted and designedAdmirable mysteries (0) abound!

Palaces and Houses.

## 13.

Have painted banisters, carved verandahs, Double stair-ways, opposite windows, Elegant railings joined together, Gauze window-panes in clusters (2).

## 14.

Studio, school, academy and college, Garner, kitchen, privy, stable. Prolong felicity, and welcome good-fortune, A shameful act will stain the door-post (2).


## Clothes and Ornaments.

## 15.

Linen, fur, silk, and hemp,
Hair-pin, pendant, bracelet, ring, Gilded cloak,embroidered side-piece ${ }^{s}$, Sparkling, bright, brilliant, splendid.

## 16.

Dazzling radiant skirts and sleeves, Veil the image with borders ${ }^{h}$ and fringes; When age (2) is so limited and brief, What-liesure is there to dote-on dress (2)!

## Vessels and Utensils.

## 17.

Distinguish vessels, criticise their material, Borrow them as means to aid and assist, We slumber and sleep on couch and bed, Breakfast and sup with spoon and chopstick.

$$
18 .
$$

Flourish the whip (brush), grasp the rein, Tongue ${ }^{i}$ the pen, trim the paper.
Safely store, securely provide,
Each kind and piece record in-order.

## Precious Stones.

$$
19 .
$$

The inch pearl, the span diamond,
Green emerald, red coral,
The Luh bell, the Sze harp,
Ts'in tripod, T'ang censer ${ }^{p}$.

## 20.

Ling and lang ${ }^{k}$, amber and ebony,
Cornelian (2) and agate (2),
Magnificent (2) and sparkling (2)-
Pregnant (2) contain enjoyment.

## Sounds and Music.

## 21.

Puff the bamboo, beat the silk-thread, Flute the Shau, press holes touch keysPleasure's rhymes softly jingle (2), The Ling-ling (2) sounds like tearing silk.

## 22.

The billow's dash, the cliff turns-back, Thunder booms, lightning flashesConcert singing must be harmonious (2), The seeming piper is ashamed-of discovery ${ }^{l}$.

## Flowers and Trees.

## 23.

As the rouged beauty or starched belle, Blooming, elegant, specially favored, Are the dark shadowed willow (2), And the green shaded wut‘ung (2).

## 24.

The peach and pear improve by warmth, The fir and cypress endure winter. Profiting-by the season, ripening into beauty, Garden and park intoxicate with harmony.

| 疏 |  | 鳥 |  | 鱗 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 菜 | 26 | 27 獸 | 28 | 29 介 |
| 飽pau | 㧐 chŭeh | 騰 t＇eng | 觅倠ki | 鱗 ling |
| 飫 | 持 kih | 祥ts＇iang | 十時sh | 介 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ kiai |
| 10 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | J10 |  |  |  |
| 考 fang |  |  | 豚t＇un | 番fan |
| 馨 hing | 芬 fen | 而 shŭe | 丽 chah | 滋ts |
|  |  | 鳳 ${ }_{\text {fung }}$ | 鴻 hung | 㬐 $p^{\prime} u$ |
| 淠 mu |  |  | 渚 | 題t＇i |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 畜 hioh | 万爾mi | 麟 l ling | 昔鳥ts＇ioh | 簏麗ts＇u |
| 莠ts＇ai | 快kw＇ai | 遨 ${ }^{\text {au }}$ | 罡 ch＇au | 磪 ${ }^{\text {k＇ioh }}$ |
| 部 $\mathrm{p}^{\text {co }}$ | 士！hu | 菣 hwa | 媇 siu | 莵kwe |
| 瓜 |  | 断 |  |  |
| 瓜 ${ }^{\text {kwa }}$ | 新 | 弱 m |  | 洎 |
| 採ts＇ai | 腥 sing | 䢻 ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ |  | 砸 y üen |
| 徵 ${ }^{\text {we }}$ | 羶 shan | 馬甹 cheng | 豫 y ${ }^{\text {ai }}$ |  |
| t | 会巽 chưang | 䜌 1 lu | I kii | 鲲 kw＇en |
| 䔲 ${ }^{\text {kw }}$ e | hiau | 雉鳥hoh | 而 kih | 獒 |
|  | hau | 隹岛hoh | 岖 | 焦 |
| shih | 侈 ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ | 羊犲 ts＇iang | 吕peng | 鯨京 $\mathrm{k}^{\text {cing }}$ |
| 芥 kiai | 泰． a $^{\text {tai }}$ | 翺才 ${ }^{\text {au }}$ | 庖 p’au |  |

## Herbs and Vegetables.

$$
25 .
$$

Full fed on fragrant aroma,
Work your acres, store your herbs,
Divide the melon, pluck the pot-plant,
Boil the sun-flower, gather mustard.

## 26.

Pick and break, the confined fragrance, Chewing (2) increases pleasure, Why long for stenches and odors, Meats and viands, profuse, extravagant?

## Birds and Beasts.

## 27.

Mounting prosperity, brooding good-luck, The phoenix soars. The kiling roams, The horse (2) runs and gallops, The lùan and sea-eagle gyrate and hover.

## 28.

Chickens live in coops, pigs in styes (crates), Geese on sand-banks, magpies in nests; Their food (2) is spread readyWho is anxious what to bake in kitchen ${ }^{m}$ ?

## Fishes.

## 29.

The scaly-tribe (2) numerous swarms, The record themes are plain and reliable, Tortoise, terrapin, turtle (2), kwen, au, (2) whale and shark ${ }^{\text {n }}$.

|  | 昆 |  | 預 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 31 蚌 | 32 | 33 終 | 34 |
| 淬 sine | 贊tstan | 抛prau | 追迫 ming | 閁ti |
| 出白 hwang | 繊 chih | 稆系1 1 an | 勉mien | 涙 le |
|  |  | 㺁 | 貄 suh | 性 sung |
| 搂 k k 隹h | 虾 chu |  | 鉴 suh | 快 sung |
| 䱙 m hia | 組 tsu | 蟻i | 倠 yung | 惶 hwang |
| 泪ts＇iu | 蚓 ying | 搏tưan | 慌 hwang | 頻ping |
| 雀 ts＇ioh | 陧 ch＇ang | 佑反fan | 逢 fung | 挈 hih |
| 傥 1 lau | 蝉 ch＇ang | 鬨 hung | 殤 shang | 伴pan |
| 蛤 koh | 『今 ying | 蚛 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ing | 姐 tsu | 侶 1 示 |
| 卵lăan | 睬t＇ang | 4 yau | 躯區 $\mathrm{K}^{\text {ciul }}$ | 日 $\tan$ |
| 細sh | 徉 yang | 麼 mo | 殻 $\mathrm{K}^{\text {cuh }}$ | 肄 |
| 異 |  | 目舜 shun | 匪fe | 旬 süin |
| 孳ts | 閣 koh | 目兮 $p^{\prime}$ ºn | 年 1 au | 諏 tseu |
| 俄。 | 納 ch＇eu | 岡 wang | 青 tsing | $\frac{\text { 警 }}{} \text { king }$ |
| 項k＇ing | 紿 yih | 忖 ts un | 若 $t^{\text {tah }}$ | 惕t「ih |
| 跳 tiau | 閒 hien |  | 酸 sǔan | 丘 hiu |
| 躍 yoh | 庭t＇ing | 前 sing | 楚ts＇u | 腐fu |

## 30.

It plunges a locust, and you pick-up a crab, It swims a sparrow, you clutch an oyster. Their eggs in moisture frequent multiply, In-a-moment (2) they leap and spring ${ }^{\circ}$.

## Insects.

## 31.

The silk-worm weaves, the spider knits, The earth-worm sings, the beetle hums, Spread-through (2) suites of galleries, Interwoven (2) in vacant halls.

## 32.

Throw-down meat, you catch ants, Knead boiled-rice, then buz the flies-Little-things! a moment they look-about, But do-not think-of grief and bitterness ${ }^{p}$.

## Memento Mori.

## 33.

Be earnest (2) reverential, composed, Suddenly to meet decease and dissolution, This corporeal shell is-not firm, Faults and offences are sour and painful.

## 34.

With trickling tears and anxious dread, Often lead your associates (2), Each morning urge,each decade exhort them, To respect and seriousness in view of decay.

|  |  |  |  苞 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\stackrel{n}{n} \stackrel{n}{0} \stackrel{0}{3}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\stackrel{n}{n} \stackrel{n}{0} \stackrel{0}{3}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



改

䋙 tsih
巸 hi
沙 yüen
穆 muh

## Exhortation.

## 35.

Much-more pry-into the vast grand mystery,
Its noise is great without bound,
Brilliant (2) profound, sublime,
Upward look-to the venerable face ${ }^{\text {? }}$

## 36.

Stooping, creeping, bare-foot, kneeling, Ashamed, vexed, wholly purging away evil.
Bowing down, (2) with reverence (2), The dark and stupid gradually reform.

## Virtue and Vice.

> 37.

> To spur and lead officers (2),
> Point-to Yu, Teang, Yau and Shun'; For maxims and rules, the belted scholar, Takes Tslu, Mingts, Confucius, Mencius'.

## 38.

Reflect-on (2) excéss and purity, Of the twain distinguish mark and aim, Flaming fire will consume (2) the vicious"Beating the breast, earnestly entreat ${ }^{\text {º }}$.

## Notes．

a．Lit．gaps and leaks．
b．The forms designed by the Creator，each the model of a class．
c．需 The evening aurora，the abendiothe of the Germans．
d．授炎 To temper with heat，and調 to change transform or stir， taken together express the operations of the chemist．
e．Lit．to copy，hence to correct in copying，also to take or at－ tain by a more direct road．
f．Lit．transverse，a balance，but in connexion with 璣 on as－ tronomical instrument of whose form we are not very certain．
g．佩 To carry at the side；any thing worn at the side．
h．副 Secondary or subordinate，used for the border of a garment．
i．吮 To touch with the tongue，as a Chinese scribe does，to adjust the point of his pen．
$j$ ．寶 不 The Chinese title of this verse comprehends two class－ es．The antique articles named in the last two lines belong to the first class．
洛泗 Names of rivers，秦唐 Names of dynasties。
$k$ ．In some uncertainty as to these stones，it seems preferable to retain the native names．
l．Shau and Lingling in verse 21．are names of musical composi－ tions．In verse 22．the sounds of nature are represented as imitated in music．The＂seeming piper＂was one who sought to pass for a musician，by imitating the motions of others in the band，but without hazarding a note．
m．Mat．vi． 26.
n．As kwen and au are names of fabulous monsters，it will hard－ ly be admitted that the ichthyology of the Chinese is＂plain and reliable＂．
o．累＂frequent＂has the double sense of the Latin frequens． Locusts are believed to turn to crabs，and sparrows to oysters．
$p$ ．They live a moment free from cares．The musical powers of the earthworm are confidently asserted．
q．＂Noise＂in a good sense，for fame．Face，the face of God．
r．Ancient emperors．
s．Philosophers．
t．標 An object aimed at，準 a line to guide by．

## PART．III．

## ANALYSIS OF CHARACTERS．

常 字 雙 千 合 釋

CONSTANT CHARACTERS，A COUPLE OF THOUSANDS－ANALYZED．

Note．
The＂elements＂are of two kinds－perfect and imperfect．Of the former，many are found in the table of radicals，and others occur in the text．The rest，together with the imperfect elements，are arranged in a list at the end of this Part，according to the chap－ ters in which they occur．

常 字 集 千

## 造物





惟小隹萬 ${ }^{++}$禺命人一耻物牛勿處虐処
眞直几 条夕夕賜貝易
神开申焉正当基其土



喘 字 雙 千
堕潈
中口1 以
恐几入卷几夫巴


羊
但 1 旦其二共何 1 可
祭 炕开
安山 \％
僕 1 菐 問 門口
信 1 言
利 禾 リ
心
名夕口
己
明日月惹君羊

長
子了一
若＋右
兄口儿
敵商父
殺杀㔯
及
今


| 居尸古 |  | 降救 <br> 故古父 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 八 | 右洪矣，有 同 | 又 |
| 從彶止 | 第水尼，八号 | 督叔 |
| 七 | 二横㥾人，白 | 教 |
|  | 節行，也，從 | 教 |
|  | 記上僕，七 |  |
| 各久口 | 世主謂者，字 | 甚甘匹 |
| 拉 $\ddagger$ 立 | 人實挪所 音 | 加力口 |
|  | 之惡亞携最 |  |
| 門 | 犯其也㳊 | － |
|  | 㷊活方部 | 福开畐 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 惡也方 牡 | 降队条 |
|  | 殘韭舟各 | 下一卜 |
|  | 殺有也っt | 耶目队 |
|  | 貧義克患 | 穌魚采 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 䇠人挪創 |  |
|  | 者類亞矾 | 斯其斤 |
|  | 幾眷記， | 實山貫 |
|  |  | 救求久 |
|  | 认滅共音第 | 主い王 |

常 字 雙 千

倫イ侖必ノ迌 後 ィ慈出山山知知口米八木章立早於方泠理王里道首远昭，日召五カニ數妻父路足各諸言者

華＋五 節 竹郎 迺 猫
年 禮开農太大い




世倫約
故。

㐜
沗
福

五

者。
音
迷

等 耶
$\qquad$
章
穌 師
於


間

雖
詳
不 耶 子条古
能穌而降文

常 字 集 千
綱領
常
䒯
雙 第
千
編 音
喑 論
一字教
名新化

$\begin{array}{ccc}\text { 赦 } & \text { 赤父 } & \text { 顯㬎頁 } \\ \text { 過 } & \text { 䎟圭 成 戈力 }\end{array}$
拯 东丞功エ力文。字
代 イも本木一
贖貝賣初衣刀

聲軗耳垂垂一
益 дォ而汝 「女得音

出世

|  |  | 泚武 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 调㛿一士 <br>  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} E-11 \\ 4 & 4 \end{array}$ | $$ |
|  |  | 䭗式䮩惑 |  |
| $\because$ 팬 <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 파 } \Psi \text { 田 } \\ & \Rightarrow x \rightarrow y \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\vec{x} \overrightarrow{y_{1}}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\lambda t$ | 証 4 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

嬰時
后F口 迨台之 畜玄田
皇白王君平口老当ヒ右空穌最曰取卒夜十革サ叶忍刃心汥＂色

－仍

挪き朋仍イァ貢刀貝 恐现心投き㔯勒華力
遠袁王 召刀口
免刀圥
$\begin{aligned} & \text { 興興欠 } \\ & \text { 幸士半 } \\ & \text { 哉吉戈 }\end{aligned}$

（夜

澼辟え境土竟 深 ヨ罙形开三去土ム

夜衣多
深
シ染
脫
月兌
去
原厂白小
靡麻非
終系冬
始女台
第出，
畺
節，老
記 則
龍音朢
現王見
首自自
擧县手
选
穌脫音
潧济音
$\xrightarrow{n} \sqrt{4}$
向ノ间 譬 辟言
野里予棫村喜右
翰早人阘結系吉第
呼口乎果田术四
節。
見試

悔中每適商主耶指毛旨尊苗寸改已父口 穌
務敄力維系住受切七刀悅中負

就京龙否不日 事涉シ先悉来心河户可刃刀い旁的方斷臨厅

循手盾便イ更過儀イ義付イ寸矿垣土亘直自匚莫时焚林火音音被衣皮雨


常 字 雙 千

## 宣道

奉 三人干
諭 言㓱
喻言筑右卒澊 尊i 第 離溃害


烏
敢直父穌篭


總 系 悤 常 省巾集 隹木 聚 取茧智 知日 俊 1 巟愚禺心英＋＋央

條们条旨旨日誡言戒 斥斤い張 弓長 氣 气米布大巾責主貝

 | 屬 ア术蜀 | 異田正 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 吾 五口 | 陳队東 |

患串心花＋化 失 ノ夫敦享九遭 曹己 嫩 女敕 懼 个 㫿 忘 亡心 | 獄狺犬 易目忽災災火足口足 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 䧟队臽敗貝文絶系色畏田正 |

洲 シ州留卯田俱イ具魂云鬼

統系充類籸頁仇个九該言亥轄 車害 反厂叉怒奴心恃中寺的白勺鳥一鳥 財 貝于 庇广比裔 衣問 獸咢犬據き豦釋采罯

征 个正 穀 专䄫 兵 丘八 藉 \＃来昔


常 字 雙 千
立教
學地子海
别另り干一十
派 弫 哥 可可
支十又 弟 八牙
埃 土矣 槀 云莱
田十口業业业未
許言午 速 東え
置四直 起 本已


詛言且 願 原頁禁林示離离住祝示兄郷乡郎極木亟 里 田土

目日一邦手队燔火番 私 禾ム紀系己都者队牡牛土 龥侖頁矜 矛令 省 少目 割 害川 公八ム恤 小血京 士口小肉內人 䮻 开壽

志土心南十口羊舊，萑臼 葡 + 匍揚き昜北丮も例 1 列萄 ++ 匋讚言贊 半 牛（雖虽住飲食欠美羊大經系㜽存个子傾个頃

默 黑犬 每－母 羔 羊火 開 門开記，言已 念 人二危 牛 ーナ 堂 綗土形 开斤 櫭 1 㬱 特 牛寺 誠 言成文 ，又偏 イ爲犢牛賣雚力雚力

通甬立化イヒ錫金易引弓।達幸充導道寸 獻 霞 證言登古十口平八干豈山豆宣山亘史口又情 卜靑 欣 斤欠音立目

常 字 雙 千

## 行 奇

著＋者 鬼田允 詣 言旨
右 也語言吾逐豕交船舟㔯
耶 也穌 压手音派音貴中一貝病方丙波社皮喻口兪 醫 䢻酉 面 而三

奇 大可 活 シ 息自自心畧田各解角军風凡虫更曰又禍开咼舟ノ丹字芉接き妾滅 シ成底广氐去音
音往罙虜

顧雇頁
葬 \＃死H 愈 㓱㐍葉音種牧牛父寝的浸環王睘傷イ曶 興 同與 觀 雚見新

音絭粟
促

|  |  |  | $+\frac{k}{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 路地进制 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 柯达涏过 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

常 字 隻 千
臨終
廢 广發
園 口袁
吉士口
壤土襄

頌 公頁
對對寸
誰 言住欺 其欠

街 圭行歌哥欠谷 几人口


俾壬卑讓言襄九
思田心定論


敬世



納系內合人一口誓折言
隤 「貴享 吼 そノえ
載 咸車豕二水衰衣口
器 哭叫 位 亿立 哭 叫犬

常 字 雙 千

偶イ禺
像个象
阿队可
回 口巴

銅金同
鐵 金 戴
石厂口
創倉り
識言識
破石皮
淫 ${ }^{\text {（爯 }}$

尙 小 ${ }^{\text {可 }}$
議言義變繝又俗个谷


凡
五
卉
士
士
字

萬待
事鞠


勤正
學道
量旦里兒臼儿
才
託言も謳言區第
授手受誦言甬二

衞韋行賦貝武人
胎月台兓木䁛翼羽異擇き睪當元一元除队余扶き夫詩言寺勤持持寺稽栊旨学求
戎戈井牙誘言秀申曰1 出，

書書一遐叚定 色幽席应巾盍去皿晚日免鑑金監兹が幻推き隹音東口术沐シホ

壯箴


常 字 雙 千
士業
博十尃 尸

用
簡 竹間 曠日廣 第 永
也
音
音
邀
音
方
印
抑
古

勤雚力祀开己 人，好虜讀言賣佛イ弗琴也 也

䧻 慢 福


農田
泥；尼郊帘に塗涂土 塲土䀛右則審奔大弄 收 4 父第录判。走十正 積 積

## 广

篩輫点農竊完縞繼系䜝昰矣，靠認言忍蹟足責者以音農曲辰厚「皅流，水灌耕 来井

澤－睪灌 シ 雚烟火因寅酑山植木值鞛 䩘氞

垔劣
抹き末曲由।不 也露雨路跪足危求䐵敬踐足裁處虐文踏惕。塵麀土 尋 豇寸 道，鞠

工匠
操 き喿
尺尸て
㑑軍も
係 1 系誇言夸僺 1 集步 止少弓矢 $ヶ$ 大 IIII．
料 米斗

精 米靑
粗 来且
製 制衣
鑄 金壽

常 字 雙 千

## 峉商

酬 酉州
値 值右則竭立曷第永償イ賞穊。蔵

市工巾倍 イ咅
隅队禺億亿意右并

典 曲入 第泉白水匠矣。
刀還䍗气互

微泉
苟 ${ }^{++}$句角刀悟 $\uparrow$ 吾了

連車え番采田慕環寫走㫚意赴走卜

居家 服官
｜嘉喜力刻亥り $\mid$｜

則 戚 卡戊 薄 蒲寸右矣，


罪

## 行義

阻队且第卜，之忽晨曰辰陸队坴
穊徵っ自俞音覺遒酚君聘也，肱詰言吉之苃俟
躬身弓＂钚幕侯

俟个矣瘁，客，勤
駕加馬能
奏夫天如書職，
此役畫職耳識著。也，恐

曷日向患䣎 分。
寛山莧可躬堅䇅宏山厷嘉藐钽同
遷羿に堅擏土


湖 「胡 地 土已漢（莫壤土量星曰生岸山厈
遷琴亡 堅毗土

延正至那开队


需雨而瞢み無
飢食几蔵禾歲糧米量侵イ骎
捐手昌毫立吽

勸勉
謹 言 䓯 |戻 戶犬

－嘉 則 不正也，盟明皿無節。 K 1 5善
公
不高著，捐音漢，以析気品㠙如此者。


悪
可

水灰

以將
去
急
之饑六

## 廣

䒚嘏，貥厈
音
漢
京
同
$\qquad$
及
音
驚 敬馬者見者見
幽 山絃
黑 里火 賊 貝戎 求

常 字 雙 千

## 㜡綗

邪 牙 B 嫁女家
慕 横
正 䍜

密
盟，
盟殘
於 区心 暴
赫，之
䶂 火毀
虜虐男
顯 宓 虏尼男
赫 音 倚 个奇也，伏埶執力替夫夫日耶其皆

## 設照書

板水反狂狂房所方移移
替僅イ業也樣木羕姑女古住イ主照昭火音制郜り遜孫も宿的一伯覧鼓目紵

帶逃巾放方父繋此系膽月詹字帕巾白裸衣果狀身犬錯金昔懸縣心腹月复象觙豕差羊ノI

零雨令毛
禽人离仰 1 印珍王㐱髮髟龙間門人慕莫少表主化謗言旁獅㹸師覲芷見隹年目人川刺束り突穴犬附队付

常 字 雙 千

## 回耶

憶穌
｜廔 尸葉 剪 前犸 嚴 叫厂敢右無狀憶中意枝水支防に方第靈怪釘金丁撻き達假イ层四物，也䫁，不穌。
偣思活活
以救 垓
喻也音耶塔，樣穌 高 㐱道，也屋童



常 字 雙 千

搴塞手 俞 A 吅从省 者
參厽念誤言吳古劇笅

常 字 雙 千

天文
晴日青迅丑
嵐山風雷雨田右氣爲

瞻目詹
矚目䍚
霄 雨肖


地理
万文 万父究穴九

疏正㐬天環災長
霜雨相之也，苇短矢豆
闊門活
狹 狹

以久蔹。
霞雨庋暘日易騐晴調凸輝光軍霔雨滛上日調凹 凹林木木早曰干羔照理掏崎山奇豐豐态潦（尞功雨音嶇山區

霓 雨兒彩彩渡 1 度消（尙


常。字 雙 千
山水

不雥璣＝縱．月所
人貌，也宜 熾 䔳知竾遽，光爍促陰硫，迫
之喻也

岱代山嶂山章
猚 山䱇 翠 羽卒 右
嶔 山鉄 排 f非 第
嶷 山疑 螺 虫累 吾
渭 $\ddagger$ 胃 潮 $\ddagger$ 朝 川
川 潢 共由 号
虤压亡皆馬㘳幻。
具
数敬金考土乡
裂政金
險队㓱幻幺丁心。
覓爪見 巧 工丂人

攀攀手做爪父能。
跻足劑寄山奇勿

人品
髪 髟召 䒽頁 黹 頁


常 字 雙 千
宮室
畫聿田—齋濟小
附笑分榭木射塾孰土右之之人 也雕周住序广予第清日时締っ
謟嘲っ造凌
音 觬意

傲，辦章微事音諷無


服你 器用

| ｜葛＋＋曷 1 街立行 |
| :---: |
|  |  |

吉
样
也玷
洁
椐
阴

珍寶
揮 手 軍
蔍麇主右哉也挽ま挽第覆！

す 琳 王 林
珠王朱 琋 王郎
边尺只琥王虎
璧脽玉玖王久

青主归 碼 石馬珩王行 碯 石囟
丹 碔石武
瑚王胡 砆 石夫

洛さ各崢山争鐘金童 嶸 山榮
泗シ四璀王崔
磬閔石璨王縠爲紙

臚月盧重责置者


音樂

右人泗石竹个个激政右

奇 蔵 能 峻
之㑑浮貌物。唒変琳。聖䩀泼琥，光也，寸玖，也逸希え

秘洛之也於鐘，各，些音鉜金将庫銊，聖 者 碔。
淋 「林

常 字 雙 千
花木
脚月旨 桃 木兆聖拊，之不妍女开李木子右教嬹疾。能粉米分競葥炾第
窔季，


秀禾乃松术公花
麗丽麀栢木白耑山而 耐 而寸秀
鍾金重 冬久：於
㭙。者。


湾菜
倠食包欼 f 努
一俛食天傾 頡右更滅種

新。
酣，暢也丽古
麗
字
㒭
而
同
昆
拾 合 侈 イ多不足也。芥 + 介泰 灰水必以蓺。
常 字 雙 千

鳥獸
騰月駦溪倠奚住
祥市羊侍土時右衣也，
䑤㐬每流豚月豕第食稛
瑞王耑䒽水用十之俗
鳳 凡鳥 鴻 江鳥節，足定恧章
譜 言 普

麟 麀 粦
遨 敖き
鵲昔鳥学亭叀
題 是頁
䍡鹿鹿鹿磪 石崔

驊馬華
騮馬留馳馬也旉文叀父䬫韵
駗

鱗介
鱗 魚粦
介个1
䕍 ${ }^{++}$番
濼き落



淬 卒 $^{\text {卒 }}$
蝗 虫皇 右 頁 靈 八掬ま湅第聂戴 大蝦 虫汨 十 可 蕃 水


昆蟲

蛛 虫朱
組 系且

洇 シ 囚 鱗 生 鲕 見
撈 手熒蛤 虫合

卵 八卯 然 何 水 項
濕 シ暴
累 田系孳 菬子


俄 1 我項 匕頁 柴
跳足兆翟足翟少賴買雀


姠 彳 綗
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 蚓 虫引 } \\ \text { 唱 } & \text { 口香 } \\ \text { 蟬 } & \text { 虫單 } \\ \text { 吟 } & \text { 口今 }\end{array}$

徉 手
様 山逐
閣 門各

綃 系由
繹 系睪
閒 門月
庭 广廷

常 字 雙 千

拗，执力
變商肉右艱得閙

持も量路絽


饭食反
閏鬥共
蚛虫黽

涕 「弟
涙シ展右而惕順恐
䛥 矢畐
窺 完規悚 $卜$ 束 第 知 臭 天懼惶卜皇十肉腐死之

七體 之 日貌
期。殤。墅

喧口宣
奕 亦大伴イ半當罪音日文侶‘吕勤薦失殂。

元
邊 自㝑

且日一道免，耳，肉
肄参非致激黽身
们 与日
諏言取

㦯 万甫
匐 万畐右當謹奕除組絜主刃紋跣足先第沉恭宣也，䟦足忌十思順，著傴八䇶感盛赛。節。慮受大鞠
慙斬心
悠 對心
胥 正月㔞册 1




傴 區
踧足叔主华頑深盆不踖足晋之其荞，遠㗼功㚓浩之者
冥的六光善蕩意，也徐ヶ余見，而貌也，也，悛 中 㕖人敬喧刚。咠同

策 似束镸臣
穆僚イ尞

禹
湯 「昜堯 圭兀舜受妕

箴 似咸嫢 夫見紳 系申儒 1 需

仲 1 中関門交孔子し孟子林

比米据 4
酌配右當豈浮风
奢大者第斟怖華六
淳々毫十酌永日百
九於火皃。八

標 $\begin{gathered}\text { 票 } \\ \text { 相 }\end{gathered}$
準漼十
穌
途。始
淳，


炎火火
火へ人
怖小布
燒火党
暴其信照鹰
人從事 心
致準竞者



From this table all those characters are excluded, which are found either in the text or among the radicals. Many of those contained in the list are obsolete, except as elements. The imperfect elements have no fixed sounds, but a Chinese teacher will find no difficulty in giving them names.

## CHAPTER I.



## 罗 <br> $L i$, A sacrificial vessel． <br> Than，A kind of kettle drum． <br> 西 $T s^{\prime} u$ ，To ferment wine． <br> 囚 iI．Wen，Kindness．

IMPERFECT ELEMENTS．


ChAPTER II．

咼 Kwe，Mouth awry．
丞 Chicng，To succeed，to be se－ cold or lieutenant．
巽 $S_{\tilde{u}}$ en，To enter
Clichy，Altogether．
Pe，Complete ready，備）尹 Ing，Mayor．
Lith，A form of 曆 almanac．卒 Yin，办 Also．
Mien，Minute．
Fib，A leaf．
玨 Kish，A pair of gems．
Lan，A vail．
Truman，Notes on the Book of Changes．
咸 Lien，All．
册 $\dot{T} \dot{s}^{\text {seal }}$ ，Volume，set of books．
市 Taal，Twelve months or years㕧？

兌 Tue，Exchange．

## Lin，A tassel，for 梳。

Kiln，Equal．
Yang，Sheep，goat，for羊，
Chow，Firm，stable，eminent．
盾 Tun，Shield 。
尧 Yüh，Fasces，emblems of power．
吉 Chur，Display of music．
豆 Kong，Continuous，perpetual．

| 絔 Ki，Sucessive，繼） | 奴 $N u$ ，Slave． |
| :---: | :---: |
| 峼 Suie，Name of a place． |  |
| 強 $C k$ ，Simple，stupid． | 豦 $K_{i}^{\prime}$ ，Inplacable strife． |
| 啚 $P i$ ，Close，narrow，for 鄙。 | 丘 $K^{\text {ciu，}}$ ，A liillock． |
| 友 Full，Govern，order． | 屯 $T^{\text {rum，}}$ ，Store up，accimulate． |
| 俞 $Y_{i}$ ，Yes，a girl＇s answer． | 亥 Hai，The 12th hoir． |
| 官 Ki ien，A fragment． | 睪 Yik，Espionage． |
| 乘 Kwai，To differ，distorted． | 另 Ling，Besides，other． |
| $L u, \mathrm{~A}$ vessel． | 哌 $P^{\prime}$ ci ，flow apart，appoint 派， |
| Huwn，A small bird | 隋 $T^{\circ} 0$ ，sue，Fall，name of a |
| 恩 Ts＇izng，Quick of hearing，in telligent． | 离 $C h$, a goblin，for |
| Kill，for 擊 to attack． | 郎 Long，A title． |
| 㟥 Sill，for 这 to oppose． | 昜 Yang，For 陽 O the bright or male principle． |
| Chuien，To walk slowly | 贊 ${ }_{\text {Ssann }}$ Praise，associate． |
| $Y$ Yu， | 甬 Yung，A covered way． |
|  | 巠 King，Straight waves． |
| Ohicum，Pierce through，st together． | 㬱 Ts＇sm，A particle． |
| 狺 Yin，A quarrel between dog | 龿 Chüe，iwun，Grassy． |
| 䍙 Kiung，Open windows． | 仔 $T_{s}$ ，Able，sustain． |
| 扁 Pien，Flat．㽞。 | 䖗Hüen，A kind of furnace． |
| 敕 Cluil，Command． | 匋 $T^{\top} \times u$, Pottery． |
| 卯 Mau，The 4th hour． | ${ }^{\prime \prime} Y_{\bar{u},} \mathrm{~A}$ moment． |
| Hiulh，Cattle，for 音」 | 妾 $T_{s}{ }^{\text {ih }}$ ，Concubine． |
| 䍜 $K$ uv，An eagle glance． | 雇 Ku，To hire． |


imperfect elements.



厈 $A n$ ，Shore，岸
尛 Hill，Hole in a wall．
牟 Menu，Lowing of a cow．
完 Jung，Hurried．
戎 Jung，A weapon．
韱 $T_{s}$＇en，A bamboo tally．
夆 Fang，To drag an ox．
螕 Yen，Salt，for 鹽，
曼 Man，Long．
栗 Lith，Tremble．
粥 Chub，Soft boiled rice．
完 Wan，Finish．
甫 $F u$ ，Just now．
覧 Lan n，See，read
岂 $I^{\prime \prime} o$ ，Snake for 蛇：
筮 $S h$, Grass used in divination．
$\frac{\text { 咅 }}{\text { H }} I^{\prime}$＇er To spit．
蛍 Isar，A flea，also for 早 early．
$\#$ Mien，Twenty．
何 Yin，A bird faithful to its mate．
\＆Chung， 10 ft ，Chinese 141 in ， English．
龙 Suit，11 th hour．
荡 Yang，A long stream
Mien A district．
Cheng，Long black hair， fur 䰅）
Chan，Garrulous．
Pah，Running of a dog．
$P^{\prime} a n g$ ，The side．
隹 Pe，100，A centurion．
$\varepsilon \boldsymbol{K}$

IMPERFECT ELEMENTS．




## IMPERFECT ELEMENTS.

敦

电

Seal，Old Official，Gricuss，Business，P＇ultern．
审出六未嵒东台来六未
日出白生时生日坐日生活民加民力民力民力民㳙來沚来伦本作来作來

㭠曷先前些马先前先前
天占天上飞上天上天上地席地帝地帝地帝地帝
物兰物—物一物—物—罗眞多真多照多真多眞䓌䏡焉神态神鳥神焉神
爻聖希聖穷呩希䘫希聖且焦且能品倿且能且能悉紷異此䆙比異比異比

Seal，Grass，Business．

㩊绰傅方结使亦日生
肅强亞す象宣和力民

某但坐或丹め将先前


由首 f 言 黟 方雾物一


而骶颜乃勿系千慨無
四關层图象少皆且能䍚金今比层自情異比

## STYLES OF URITING．

Seal，Grass，Business．
南禮系 $\therefore 八$ 撒國客家邪浯全电絧硫稣七死

䒝司在呫各何 5十音实拉问
兮棬出き辟

王朎才等故第需細约间又蹛显城需于脊方雅呂亡そ教蓋

浚是必偏甚則草米知出加同晹潩琚核世義凱踦易白福人

# 常 字 隻 千 釋 義 

 A
## VOCABULARY

OF

## TWO THOUSAND FREQUENT CHARACTERS

WITH

THEIR HOST COMMON SIGNIFICATIONS，

AND

THE SOUNDS OF THE PEKING DIALECT．

## Note．

For the sake of brevity，those significations which are most easily deducible，have been omitted；and the student is expected to bear in mind that feature of the language which admits of the same word being employed without alteration in different parts of speech．Thus after giving 生 as life it would be superfluous to define it further as to live，alive，\＆c．

The alphabet of Mr．Edkins，to whom I am indebted for the Peking sounds，differs a little from that employed in the preceding parts of this book－for example．$i$ is used to express a sibillation， and $e$ has the sound of $e$ in there．
＇The following table taken from Mr．Edkins＇Progressive Lessons， will furnish an index to his use of the tone marks．

First tone
Second tone
Third tone
Fourth tone Fifth tone

| 上平 shang ping | 鳥，wu |
| :---: | :---: |
| 㞺 shang sheng | 五＇wu |
| 算 c＇hü sheng | 務 wu |
| 入 聲 juh sheng | 屋 wuh |
| － 4 hia ping． | 無 ．wu or wu |

## THE 214. RADICALS.

## WIT'H THEIR

SOUNDS AND SIGNIFICATIONS.




162.
163.

164.

兩 Yiu． 16i）．
166．HI Li． A mile．
$16 \%$
8 Strokes．


King． 168
169.

170.


171． \＃ f－Chйе．
$1 \% 2$
3．


ב Tsinn ．
$1 \%$.
175.
\＃F Wrong，not？
9 Strokes．
176. $\square$ Mien． The face． H－Kch．
f．Skin，change
－WV．
1\％8．
$1 \% 9$.
180．

10 Strokes．
咠 Ma．
，Fil．Kuh．
188.

189．П Hich．
190．IT Long hair
玨 Teu．
191.

192．


193．Keh，li．
194．K Aweod，urn．
A ghost，a devil．
11 Strokes．


197．
198.

199.


12 Strokes．
201．H Y Hellow．

13 Strokes．
205．用国 Ming．
明 Ting．
206．7lu A Tripod．
士士 Ku．
20\％．
Eg Chu．
208．叔 A Mouse．
14 Strokes．

15 Strokes．
211． 院
部 Lung．
212．HE A Dragon．
－ 16 Strokes．
213．妞 K A tortaise．
17 Strokes，
Yuh．
214．HIH A Flute．

1．-
$\longrightarrow i(c), i i$ One．
士．Slang，Above，up，to go up．
H＇Clic，Moreover．
不 Pu i（c）sur，z pu；Not．
せ，Ch hi，Seven．
III Shiv，The world，a generation Hic，Below，to go down．
，San，Three．
J＇Ting，A sting，a nail，an in－ dividual．to sustain．

$$
\text { 2. } \quad 1
$$

H Chung，Middle，to hit the centre．
3.

士＇Chur，Lord，to control Wan，A ball，a pill．
丹，Tan，Pale red，a sovereign remedy．

## 4．$\quad$

亡，Chi，Sign of possessive case， Pronoun of the $3 r d$ person．
T，Nai，But，may－be，it is，ie，
黄 Fiz, A sign of doubt，admi－ ration，inquiry；also of the vocative．

北，C＇heny，A chariot，to ride， avail of，plot．
／＇Chick，A long time．
$\stackrel{\text { E }}{2} F u^{c}(c): z^{\prime} u$ ，To want，lack，
迅，You 这 麻 dwarfish， 5．乙
CI $i$ ，One，curved．
H，Ye，Particle，sometimes in－ terrogative，even，also．
蝠
Loan i，lan，Confusion，disor－ der．
扎＇Chieu，Nine．
孪 ${ }^{\prime} J u(c) n a i$, Milk．
6.

事 S $h^{i}$ ，An act，affair，to serve 。
$\vec{J}$ U Pronoun of 1 st．person； to give．
了 ${ }^{2}$ Liar，Finished，a sign of the past tense．

$$
\text { 7. } \quad=
$$

$\longrightarrow R i r$ ，I＇wo．
$\vec{Z}_{\imath} Y_{u ̈ n}$ ，Speak say．
㠵 $Y a^{c}$ ，Secondary．A diminu－ live prefix．
F U，In，in respect to．
II＇Wu，Five．

7．$H u$ ，Reciprocal．
少 K＇wang＇，Much more，a for－ tori．
吸 Chic（c） chi，Haste，urgency． 8．I．
$\xrightarrow[\sim]{\square} L u^{i}(c)$ lieu，Six．
J $I$, Also．
I ${ }^{\text {L }}$ Wang，Perish，lose，flee． ，Ching，Great，the capital． ，Chian，Intercourse，alter－ nate，reciprocal．
高＇Hiang，Enjoy．

## 9．人

人 ${ }_{2}$ Ten，Man．
为號Lai，Come 。
作 Tho，Make，start，arise．
傮＇Shin，Send，cause．
傳 ${ }^{\text {Cothwen，chen！，Propagate，}}$ narrate．
伯 $P e^{c}(c) p o$ ，An uncle，a fath－ er＇s brother，a lord．
信 Hin，Belief，faithfulness，a letter．
A，Chin，Now，modern．
W．＇I，To take，accordingly．
但 Tan，But，only．
僕 P $u$ ，Slave，servant．

们，Ho，Which？why？how？
㒀 Chat，Class，a plural suffix． ${ }_{2}$ Lune，A category social re－ lations．
他 Tai，A generation，instead of．
僙 P 该，Complete，prepared，
优 $F u$ ，Prostrate，abject，to sub－ jet．
依 $i$, Depend on，according to．
仃，Jeng，jen，As before，still， yet．
儀 $I$ ，Ceremony，form，manner．
便 Pen，Convenient，ready．
付 Eu，Impart，entrust，pay．
Ling，Command．
俯＇ Fu ，To bow the head．
渗，Hies，Improve，cultivate： repair．
${ }_{i} u$, Pron 1st．gers．
Chiünc，Superior，fine－look－ ing．
俱 ${ }_{2} C h \ddot{u},(c)$ chü，Together，all．
仇 Chieu，Enmity．
－Ten，Humanity，charity， goodness．
僭 Chen，False assumption， blasphemy．

愋 Wei，False，deceitful．
例 $L L_{i}^{k}$ ，A custom
傾，Ching，Overturn，a moment．
傷，Shang，Wound，bruise．
侍，Shit，Wait on，wait in pro－ sence．
AH
$T^{\prime} o(c), T{ }^{\prime} a,(c)$ other，pron－ $3 r d$ prs．
$\uparrow$ 上 Jena，ween，Bear office or bur－ den，ad libitum．
保＇Pau，Protect，secure．
伊，$I$, Pron， $3 r d$ prs．
俾 $P e^{i}$ ，To cause，so that．
偕
：
供，King，，Rung，Serve，minister．
位
偶 Wei，Seat，position person． ＇Nyeu，＇eu，Likeness，com－ panion，pair．
Hang，Like，simulacrum．
俗 $S u^{\prime}(c){ }_{i} s u$, Customary，com－ mon．
$F a^{c}$, Boast，cut，invade．
仯 Tang，If，should 。
侮 $W u$ ，Insult．
佛 $\mathrm{Fu}^{i}$ ，（c）for，Budha．
係 $H_{t}$, ，To be，to concern．
傑 Che，A hero．

樋 $C h i^{\kappa},(c){ }_{c} c h i$ ，Price，to meet， manage．
償 ${ }^{\text {Chang，Pay，recompense．}}$休，Hieu，Stop，good fortune． Pei，Double，multiply． $I c$, Ten myriads，quiet，re－ pose．
Yeú，Divine protection． ${ }_{2} F u$, A captive． $S i^{i}$, To wait for，until． ${ }_{2} P^{\prime} i e n$, Uneven，partial． Che t＇só，Sloping，oblique． ，Chin，Usurp，oppress．
似，$s_{i}^{c}$ ，Like，resemble．
假＇Chic，False，to borrow，sup－ pose．
倚＇I，Rely，lean on．
仗 Chang＇，Rely on，weapon， fight．
僅＇Chin，Exactly，only，scarce－
by．
She e，A cottage，to bestow， cast away．
位 Chur，Stop，dwell．
＇Yang，To look up．
伸，When，Extend，explain．
書 Chin is Altogether，empty， as you please．

儔 ${ }_{2} 0^{\prime} h e u$ ，A class，a mate

先 Hen，Before，first．
兄，Hing，Elder brother．
党，Kwang，Light，bright．
克＇Mien，Avoid，forgive．
次 Chat，An omen，a million．
兒 ${ }_{2} R i,(c), R_{i}$, A boy，child，a euphonic．
$\overrightarrow{\text { 乙 }}_{2}$ Yuen，Primary，chief．克 $K^{\prime}{ }^{c}$ ，Overbearing，to over－ come．
亿＇Yuan，Promise，secure．
妄，Chung，Fill，pretend．
11. 入

入 $J u^{c}$ ，To enter．
：Chiuen，Complete，perfect ； all．
阿＇Kiang，Two，both，a täel．
HJ Nut＇，‘Nei，Inside．
12．八
八（c）$P a^{〔}{ }_{\text {spa }}$ ，Eight，
兮，$I H i$, A euphonic expletive．
\＃${ }_{2} C^{\prime} h i$ ，Pron，Ord pars． ，Ping，A soldier，weapon． ，King，Public，just，duke． Kung＇，Together，in common． Chḯ Complete，instruments． ＇Then，A rule，to manage．
费度，Chen，To combine．
Chi，Expect，desire．

## 13. <br> 

雨 Ts ai，Again，the second time．


疑，Kwan，kwan，A cap，crown．升 Ming，Dark，obscure．

## 15．$\searrow$

合 Long，Cold．
${ }_{2}$ Ling，Insult，spurn．
调，Tiu，Wither 。
冬，Sung，Winter，to freeze．
凄，$C^{\prime} h i$ ，Chilly，grievous 。

## 16．几

$\AA_{2}$ Fan，All，the world．
几 Chi，Bench，table．

## 17. <br> 

H $\boldsymbol{H}^{\prime} \hbar u^{c},(c), c^{\prime} h u^{c}$ ，Out．

IT，Wei，tu（c）＇ku，Protuber－ once，a tenon．

リI Y au（c），wa，A pit，valley．

## 18．刀

䚯 ${ }_{2}$ C＇hien，Before，formerly．
利 $L i$ i，Gain，advantage，sharp．
列 Lice，Numerous，several，alas sifted．
則 $T s e^{e}$ ，So，then．
刑 ${ }_{2}$ Hing，Punishment．
切 $C^{\prime} h i e(c) c^{\prime} h i e$, Divide，cut．
YJ Jere，A blade，a sharp edge．
 other，don＇t
分，Fen，A part，duty．
量川 $K o^{c},(c), k o$ ，To cut．
手川 $P^{\prime} a n^{i}$ ，Divide，decide．
倉川 C＇hwang＇，Originate，create， wound．
㓣 Chen：A sabre．
$\prod$ ，Tau，A knife，sword．
产り $K^{\prime} o^{c},(c), k^{s} o$ ，Carve，cut，mri－ ping，close，quarter of an hour，a moment．
｜制｜Chic，Control，appoint，cos－ tome，mourning habit．
剛川，Tang，Hard，steel．

朿川 $T_{s}{ }^{l} i^{c}$ ，Pierce，satirize． Chüu，Excessive，increase， a farce．
書\｜$H w a^{〔}$ ，Engrave，rend asunder．
吉川Kwá（c）kwa，S＇crape，in－ claude，embrace．
$\frac{\text { 咅 }}{\boldsymbol{H}}{ }^{2} P^{\prime} e u$, Divide．
则｜｜Shan，To expurgate，amend．
19. 力
$\Rightarrow L i$, Strength，force：
加，Chic，Add，increase．
If，Sung，Merit，attack．
翟另 ${ }_{2}$ Lu，Toil，to reward．
革力 $L e e$ ，Extort，compel，curb， engrave．


加 $W u^{2}$ ，Must not．

造，Pau，Wrap up，comprehend．
匍 ${ }_{2} P^{\prime} u$ ，Creep．
匐＇Tu，Crouch．

## 21．匕

北 $P_{o}{ }^{(c)}$ pei，North．
化 Ha，Transform reform， waste，flower．
比＇Pi，＇pi，A spoon．

## 22．$\square$

貴 Kwei，A Chest．
非 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Fe}$ ，Worthless，is not．

## 23．匚

嗒 $N i$ ，Conceal，hide．
$\begin{gathered}\text { 區 ，Ci hui，Place，space } \\ \text { empty．} \\ \text { 24．才 }\end{gathered}$
十 Shies（c）${ }_{2} s h i$, Ten．
F ，C＇hien，A thousand．
六 $T s u^{c}$ ，End，die，a soldier．
周 ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ Nan，South
$4 P a n^{2}$ ，Half．
f shend，Ascend．
博 $P_{o}{ }^{c}(c){ }_{2} p o$ ，Erudite．
${ }^{2}$ Ching，Investigate，a well， market．

兵，Pei，Mean，lowly．
千，Wu，Noon，the first hour． 25．F
－${ }^{\prime} P u$ ，To divine．
，Chan，Chan，Observe augu－ fries，usurp．

## 26．П

師 Chic，Then，even，$i . e$ ；
盆 Chiuen，A roll，part of a book．
印 Yin，Print，seal．
玔＇Loan，Eggs．

## 27．Г

厥 ${ }^{\circ}$ Chive，Pron．of 3 rd person．
店
昭 Her：Thick，generous．
晿 $Y e n$ ，Satiate，disgust．

## 28．$\Delta$

矣 $I$, An emphatic particle．
$\pm C^{\prime} \hbar i i^{\Sigma}$ ，Go，reject．
，Ts＇an，shin，A trine，loge－ then，worship．

## 29. <br> 又

耳 Yeui，Also，again．
取＇$C^{\prime}$ li u，To take．
改 Chic，（c）sochi，Also，in addi－ ton．

保 Shew，To receive． ＇Yen，A＇friend．
＇Fan，Turn，contrary．


## 30．口

$\Pi{ }^{\prime} K^{\prime} \mathrm{eu}$, Mouth．
禾 $\prod_{2} H o$, Harmony，mix，togeth－ er with．
Ming＇，Decree，fate，life．
言 Shan ，Good．
号 Taw，Inform，proclaim．
$\overline{\text { D }}{ }^{\prime} K^{\prime} o$, Can，may．
若 Ming，Name．
阳 Wen，Ask 。
［ $\vec{\square}$ ， I＇$^{\prime}$ mung，Together，like．
不 $K_{o}{ }^{\prime}(c)_{i} k o$ ，Each，every． is，Control，manage．
$S_{i}{ }^{i}$ ，To inherit，succeed．
П Hew，A sovereign，an em－ press．
击，Chiün．A king，a chief． T Chaw．To summon．
都，Thai．A note of admiration．
［向 Hiangr．Direction，towards．
唓，Hus，To call，to breathe．
 past tense．
$\frac{\text { ॠ }}{\boldsymbol{\square}}$ ，Wu Pron，lIst pars sing．
胃 ，Chen，Circumference，com plate．
雷，$K o$ ，Elder brother．
出＇Tu，Ancient．
央 ${ }^{2}$ Shia，History．
俞 $\ddot{u}^{\prime}$ ，Comparison，to inform．
䟚，sang，sang，Decease，loss．
，Hi，Pleasure．
${ }_{2}$ Hin，All，entire．
Chic，（c）$\varsigma_{2} c h i$, Good luck．
Yew，The right hand．
$C^{\prime} h i$, Vessel，instrument．
$H o^{\circ},(c), 2 h o$ ，To join，agree．
叫 K＇eú，Kotow，knock the head，knock at a door．
口朝，Cohan，Ridicule 。 iculars．


＂隹 Chio（c）chiuu，To masticate．阳 C＇hang，To sing．
П今，Yin，To hum，cantillate．
川窉，Hiuen，Noise．
＇C＇hi，To open，begin．

## 31．$\square$

凹Si，Four．
It，Yin，Because，from．
國 Kwe $(c)$ ，kwe，Kingdom，na－ tion．
（口）IIwei，Turn，return．
高：$T^{\prime} u$, A map，to plot．
古 $K u$, Firm，of course．
媴］${ }^{5}$ Yuen，A garden．
（本）K＇wen＇，Press，oppress．
国韋，Wei，Invest，besiege，around．
人 ${ }_{2} C^{\prime} h i e u$, A prisoner．
［有］Yeu，A park，garden．

## 32．土

土＇T＇$u$ ，Ground，earth，opium．
地 Ti，The earth，ground，a place．
基，Chi，Foundation，estate．
Tsaic，In，on，at．
城 $C^{\prime}$ lieng，A city，a wall．

I
垂 ${ }_{z} C^{\prime} h u i$ ，To condescend，let down．
境 Ching＇，Peace，region．
坦 Yuen，A wall．
執 Chic，To hold，control，take。
報 Puc，To report，recompense．
埃
¿T＇ang，A hall．
$M u$, A tomb，grave．
＇Jang，Ground，soil．
$T s o^{\text {® }}$ To sit．
${ }_{s} T^{\prime}$ an，An altar．
$T o^{s}$, To fall．
${ }_{2} T^{\prime} u$ ，To daub，mortar．
${ }_{2} C^{6} h e n$, Dust，earth．
${ }_{2}$ C＇hang，$^{\prime}$ Open ground．
士日＇I＇an，Level ground．
坷：$K^{\prime} 0$, Uneven ground．
地＇$C^{\prime} h i$, Crumbling，shattered．

堅 ，Chien，Firm，solid．
塞 $S e^{e}$ ，sair，To stop up．
垥，Tseng，To add，increase．
土荅＇＇${ }^{\prime \prime}$＇$a$ ，A tower．
场，Chium，All，equal．

堪，Kan，May，can，endure．
斬 Chan，A pit，a ravine．
㘿，Chic，Stairway．
高学 Shut（c）ssh，A school．時路 $\operatorname{shi}$ ，A coop for fowls．

## 33．士

I．She，A scholar．
外 Chang，A bed．
語耍 Shew，Age，longevity．

## 34．久

頁 Hic，Summer，name of a dynasty，of China．
，To，Much，many．
$H i^{i}(c)_{\imath} h i$, Evening．
Mong，A dream．
$Y e$, Night．
如 Wat，Outside．
厔 Sui Early，north．
37. 大

大 Tai tui，Great．
J．，Tien，Heaven．
F，Fur，A man，husband，fu－ts， a teacher，$f u-j \ddot{n}$, a lady．$f u$ ， a euphonic particle．
F Tai：Grand，vast．

婦 $F u^{i}$ ，Woman，wife． ${ }^{\prime} C^{\prime} /$ lii，To marry．
姓 Hing＇，The family name， the family．
貝貝，Yong，An infant．
始了＇Iss＇，＇chic，＇chi，Elder sister．
林 Mci，Younger sister．
女又 X $^{\top} u$, A slave．
娦 Pi，A maid servant．
女家 Click，To give in marriage．
 ，Wei，Dignity，majesty， prowess．
姑，Nu，A maiden，an aunt，a wife＇s mother－in－law．
女少 Minus，Admirable，
数＇To，Complete，satisfactory．
女达 $i_{2}$, Delight 。
女开 ${ }_{2}$ Yen，Elegant，refined，deli－ cate．
女届 Me i，Pretty，charming．

## 39．子

F $T_{s}$ son，child，doctor．
宜 ${ }_{2} I$ ，Proper，fitting，to set in order．
家，Chic，A family． Nan，Rest，quiet．
＇Shew，To hold，maintain，
She（c）${ }_{i} s h i$ ，Solid，real．
${ }_{2}$ Yung，The face，to tolerate．
$S h_{i}$ ，A chamber，a house．
，Jung，A palace．
${ }^{\prime}$＇Isai，A ruler，to slay．
远 Ting＇，Certain，to fix，deter－ mine．


Hair，To harm，injure．
，Hiuen，To proclaim，publish． ，Chin in，To go to bed，to sleep． ＇When，To examine，judge．
$\xrightarrow{\text { 于＇ii，A roof，house，the can－}}$ opy of heaven．
Fuse，Rich．
，Tsung，Ancestor，chief，or－ ache．
Chase，Search，examine，in－ vestigate．

## 贑＇Pau，Precious．

，Yuen，Injury，spleen，blame． ${ }_{\imath}$ Kwan，Officer，mandarin， to govern．
寅，Yien，To reverence；the $3 r d$ ．of the 12 hours．
容 $K^{\prime}{ }^{\circ}$ ，A guest，stranger，er－ chant，customer．
窝 Ring，Tranquil，rather．
兽，Kwan，Large，generous，in－ dulgent．
Hung，Great，vast．
$M i$ ，Close，secret，intimate．
＇Chung，Favor，affection．
${ }^{\prime} K w a$ ，Destitute，few，a wi－ dow．
宿 $S u^{2} / h u ̈$ ，A constellation，to pass a night，lodge．
有 Yeú，Indulge，pardon．
黄：Han，Cold，frigid．
睘：Hwan，The globe，a circuit．

Chi，To lodge，convey，a remainder．

## 41．寸

ग Tisane，An inch．
特，Ching，Take command，in－ tend，will be or do．

| 導 |
| :---: |
| 對 | Tau＇，To lead． ，Tsun，To respect，reverence． Tui，Opposite，a pair，to compare．

專，Chen，Special，sale 。

圭主：Feng，To seal，appoint．
射 She，To shoot．

## 42．小

ノ）IHiau，Binal．
1）Shan，Few，young．
［同］Shang＇，Chang，Above，to exalt，yet．

## 43．t

 Thieu，Then，thereon，come to．t Yer，Blame，fault，more．

$$
\text { 44. } \quad
$$

尼 Ni Near，familiar．居，Chin，To dwell，locate．

$W u^{6}(c) \leadsto w u$ ，A house． ＇Shr，To belong to，to enjoin． ${ }^{\prime}$＇Lu，Sandals，to walk，an income．
 ，Ski，A corpse，an effigy． ，Ski，A dead body．
尺＇Chi，A foot，a rule．
屈 Chic，To reach，arrive at．

，$L u$, Often，repeatedly． ZTseng，A story，or stratum．

## 46.

山
 ${ }_{z}$ Yen，A cliff，precipice． ${ }^{\prime}$ Tau，An island．
，Gang，A steep high hill． Ngani，A shore，bank．㗅，Peng，To fall，death of a prince． ${ }_{\imath}$ Lan，A peak，summit． ${ }_{i}$ Lan，The atmosphere．
顺 $C h i$ ，Rough，uneven．
樞，Cchü，Rugged．
屋 $Y$ Z 1 ，A steep bank，a cliff． Chic，A mountain pass，a strait．

催
 ，Chin，Lofty，sublime． Ngai，ai c，A dizzy height． Chang＇，A chain of hills．㸺，Ching，Eminent．山榮 z Yang，Conspicuous．山条，Fen，A peak．

## 47．川

州 ，Cher，An island，continent， district．
J II Chen，A stream．
皆 ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ Chan，A nest，a lair．

## 48．工

I，Sung，Work，mechanism．
FaTso，The left hand，wrong， to aid．
E $C l \iota_{\check{u}}$, Huge，chief．
差。
$C^{\prime} h a, c^{\prime} h a i$ ，Difference，error．
I工＇Chian，Skilful，cunning．

## 49. <br> e

E＇I，Already，to stop，a eu－ phonic final．
■ ，Pa，A grip，handful，blow， name of a place，sign of the optative．
$\square$＇Chi，Self，reflex pron．

## 50．巾

$\|$ ，Chin，A turban，cap，her－ chief．
帝的 $T_{i}$ ，A ruler，supreme majes－ ty．
，Hi，To expect，rare．
莫萑 Mu；Tent，tabernacle 。
師
， shit，A master，army，multi－ tude．
誠 $P u^{i}$ ，Cotton cloth，to spread abroad．
常 Chang，Constant，always， common．
开 Shiv，A market．
出市 $H i^{i},(c)$ z hi，Matting，feast， meal．
留 Tais，A belt，draw，convey．帕 $P^{c}(c s, A$ Hood，a stomacher．
追 $P e^{e}$ ，Silk stuff，wealth，mo－ nay．

51．干
年，Nien，A year．
T，Kan，A shield，to offend， serious consequences．
拃 Ping，United，also，even．㮫 Ping，Level，just．

52．玄
，Chi，＇chi，How，almost．
Yeui，Tender，youth，young．
Yeui，Gloomy，dismal．
Hwan，Transform，sleight of hand．

53．广
比 ${ }^{\prime} P^{\prime} ;$ ，To protect．
E $\mathrm{E}^{2} \mathrm{~T}_{i}$ ，Bottom．
＇Huang，Broad．
Shut，All，almost．
$F e e^{i}$ ，To set aside，waste．
$T u$, A degree，to measure， estimate．
Tsó，A seat，throne．
＇$F u$ ，A mansion．
zYung，Constant，common， to employ．
$K^{\zeta} u^{i}$ ，Treasury．
$K^{\prime} a n g$ ，Tranquil．

今 $H u^{i}$ ，Preface，order，a col－ loge．
着 Kiang，Academy，asylum．
㰻號 Thu，A kitchen 。


沙，Tkang，Loll，stroll，lounge．灾 Wang，Forget．恃 Shic，To rely on．奆，En，ngen，Grace．
恤 Hic，Favor，mercy，pity． $C h i{ }^{2}$ ，Inclination，will，his－ tory，to record．
合 Nien，Thought，to read．
情 CChing，Passions，affairs，na－ tural feelings．
息 $H i$, Rest，cease．
炭 $P i_{i}(c) \underset{p i}{ }$ ，Certainly，must．性 Hing ，Nature．
感 ${ }^{\circ}$ Kan，Feel，excite feeling． $H u^{c}(c), h u$, Sudden．
忍，＇Jen，Cruel，patient．
现，K＇ung，Apprehension，lest．
悔＇Hwei，Regret，repent．
货 Yué，Please，be pleased．
飛 $H \imath^{*}(c), h i$ ，All，to investigate．
藇 $H w o^{\circ}, I u^{i}$ ，Tempt，doubt，wa－ ver．
思 B $_{2}$ ，Dull，stupid．
品 Hwan，Affliction．
，Yeu，Sorrow，grief．
懼 $C h_{u ̈ c}$ ，Dread．
怒 $N u$ ，Anger．

愈 0 $\ddot{\mathbf{U}}^{2}$ ，Better，to heal．
憎 Heng，Persevering，perma－ nent．

，Kung，Respect．
Paui，Violence，oppression． ，Chien，Guilt．
，Ying，ying＇，Answer，ought．
$S_{i}$, To think．
Min，Compassion．
Hwei，Smartness，wisdom．
r＇isi，Mercy，tenderness．
${ }^{2}$ P＇ing，Proof，to rest on，
Han＇，Hate，dislike．
$C h i)^{2}(c)_{2} c h i$ ，Haste，urgency．


拢 Che，To Caution，forbid
renounce．
戚 $C^{\prime} h c^{i}$ ，A relative，sorrow．
 Tais，Wear，or bear on the head．
戛 Chic，A lance，jolting，stan－ meting，usual．

## 63．戸

户
戻
房
$H u^{i}$, A door，family，owner． Lei， ${ }_{2}$ Fang，House，room．

## 64．手

于 Shew，Hand．

拿 ，Na，Take，seize．
撒 $S a^{i}(c), s a,(c) s a$, scatter．浐， IL ，Draw．
挑＇Chang，Save，succor．
手手 Pair，Worship，bow down．
按 $A n^{2}$ ，According to．
挪，No，Rub，move，elude．
投
與＇Chur，Elevate，all．
指 ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Ch}_{i}$ ，Point，finger．
押 $Y a^{c}(c) y a$, Pawn，seal，compel．
${ }_{z} H i,{ }_{2}$ Z ie，Convey，carry． Chi＇，Strike．
eSau，Sweep．
Chiú，Hold，proof．
${ }_{\text {z }}$ Yang，Spread，display．
Chic（c）${ }_{2}$ chic，Receive，ac－ sept，connect with．
捫 2 Men，Handle，feel with the $^{2}$ hand．
援 ${ }^{\text {a Yen，Rescue，succor．}}$
招，Char，To beckon，call togeth－ er．
播 $P_{o c}$ ，Scatter，winnow．
担 足 $T, i$ ，Handle，take up．
扺：Ti，Oppose，balance．
拒 Churr，Resist．
才 $T s^{s} a i$ ，Talent，ability．
授 Shew，Entrust，impart．
扶 $F$ ，Sustain．
持 寺 $^{2} h i$ ，Hold，control．
㨒 Choc，（c）${ }_{2}$ chad，Choose，select．
推，$T^{\prime \prime} u i$ ，Push．
抑 $I$ ．Or，either，rule，repress．
抹＇Mo．Wipe，blot，paint．
捛，$T s^{\prime} a u$, ts $a u$ ，Hold fast，man－ age．
 thanks．
损，Chiuen，Contribute，staci－ fie．
抱 Parc，Nurse，embrace，hug．
 boat．
撻＇Ta，Whip，scourge．
打＇Ta，Strike，beat．
擬＇Ni，Decide，condemn．
折 Choc（c）echo，Break open， take apart．
捕，P＇$u$ ，Capture，seize．
振 Chen，Arouse，stir up．

寒
，C＇hien，Pluck，snatch．
$T^{\prime} a n^{\prime}, t^{\prime} a n$, Test，try，sound， inquire．
抄，C＇hau，Transcribe，copy， take，confiscate．
抔 $T o^{s}$, Open，inaugurate． ，P＇an，Cling，hold to．
排 P $^{\prime}$ ai，Arrange，spread out．抜，$P^{\prime} i$, Cover，cloak．
＇Yen，Veil，conceal．
＇Wan，Draw back．
Hwei，Wield，manage．
${ }^{3} \mathrm{Fu}$ ，Beat，play on a harp．
拍，$P^{\prime} a i,(c) p^{\prime} o^{c}$ ，Pat，tap．
 bel．
採，Thai，Pick up，cull．
抜 $P a, c$ 分 $p a ;$ ，Pluck up，assist．
Shit，（c）${ }_{z}$ shit Gather，pick up．
$C^{\prime} h o^{\prime}$, Break，snap．
Chief，Strip，break．
$C h \bar{u}$, Handful，to take with both hands．
搨 ，Lan，（ $c$ ），lan，Grasp，seize．
拋，$P^{\prime} a u$ ，Cast，throw away．
摶：T＇oan，Knead，compress．
恝 Sic，Carry in the hand．

## 65．支

$\frac{1}{又}, ~ C h i$, Diverge，give，pay， prop，succor．
66.
 $C h i^{c}$ ，To cause，so that，in－ vestigate
故 $K u$ ，A cause，reason，there－ fore．

## 教

 Chian，chicu，Teach，doc－其斤，$S_{i}$ ，This． trine，religion． Thieu＇，Save．Shai，Number，destiny．
䢧厷 Tonne，Cut，break，by all

＇Tai，Change，reform． ＇Kan，Dare． F Chin，Rebuke．
亲斤，Sin，New，renew，
斤，Chin，A catty，an axe．
，King，Merit，attack．
敬 Ching，Respect，reverence．
貝放Pai，Defeat，waste．
昔敒 Sans，san，Scatter．
政 Chang＇，Government，polit－
70．方
万，Fang，Square，place，method， thereon，
族 Tui tiu，Family clan．
於，U，In，on，pertaining to． iss．
收，show，Receive，collect．
放 Fang＇，Release，let loose．万放＇K＇au，Examine，search．尃分 $F u,(c): f u$ ，Spread，diffuse
67. 文
＇Wei，Elegant．
68．斗
I．＇Thu，A peck measure，the Great Bear．
米斗 Liar，Materiel，to conject－ are．

> 69. 斤

所＇So，Which，what，where．

扁，She，Give．
旅，$L_{i u}$ ，Stranger，company， batallion．
方芷 ：Hiuen，Revolve，in turn．
71. 无

的先 Chic，Since，already．
H，Wu，Without，privative．

## 72．日

日 $J_{i}$, Sun，a day．
昔 $H i^{i}(c) a h i$ ，Formerly，an－ ciently．
明 ，Ming，Bright，understand．
是 $S h i i^{i}$ ，Tomorrow，to be，right．
時 Whit，Time，hour．

H召，Chim，Shine，display．
智 $C h$ ，Wisdom．
＇Chb，Will，taste．
$A n n^{2}$ Dark．
$I$ ，Change，easy．
Mei，Obscure，blinded． Cheut，Noon，daytime．
＇Wan，Evening，night． ${ }^{2}$ Tsaus，Early．
㯖 K＇wang＇，Barren；desert．
㫔，Kwon，Elder brother，a worm．
並＇P＇u，Far and wide．

星，Hing，A star．
日，C＇hang，Prosperous．
俥 Chani，Brief，temporary．
音 $M u$ ，Evening，twilight．
替 $T_{i}{ }^{\circ}$ ，Instead，fail．
孯 Chic，Also，more．
申昜 Chang＇，Flourishing，com－ fortable．
$\|_{\text {青 }}^{\text {2 }}$ Ching，Clear．
䏣 ：Yang，Bright，fair．
白 $H a n$ ，Dry weather．

春
，Chun，Spring．
＇Kwci，Sun dial．
Yen；；Evening．
＇Hiau，Morning．
晰 $H i^{*}$ ，Bright，discriminate．
肤 Ying，Shine on，reflect im－ age．
日爱 ${ }^{\text {＇Noan，Warm；mild．}}$
景＇Ching，Admirable，pictur－ esque．
日 Tani，Morning．
日 Hiün，Ten days，a good term for a week．

## 73．日

\＃Yué，Speak，said，called． Hwei，Meet，can． ，Shu，Write，book．
専：Tisau，Class，sign of plural． ${ }_{2}$ T＇seng，tseng，Sign of past tense，a family name．
最 Tsui，Most．
贯，Keng kenge，Change，more．
\＃Cchií（c），Cchiu Cchü，Crooked， injury．
搨 $H o^{\circ}$ ，Why not？
要 Ye，hie：Drag．

## 74．月

有${ }^{2} Y e u$ ，Indulge，forgive． Yué，Moon，month．
仴 Wang＇，Look towards，hope．末末 $M o^{\circ}(c) m i e^{\kappa}$ ，Tree top，end， tip end，no more，worthless． ¿Chau，，chaw，Morning，tow－ ards，palace，do homage．
勝 Sheng＇，Conquer，bear，sur－ pass．
其月 $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{C}^{\prime} h i$ ，chi，Period，expect．
服 $F u u^{\prime},(c): f u$ ，Submit，hug．
朋 ${ }^{2}$ Peng，Friend．
竍月 $S O^{\circ}$ ，North，first of a month．

## 75．木

未 $W e e^{2}$ ，Not yet．
相，Huang hang，Mutual，tore－ thar．
才 Mu；Wood，timber．
A＇Pen，Root，origin．
束，Tiny，East．
梪 Shut，Tree，to plant．
果＇Kwo，Fruit，really．
然㮡 ${ }^{2}$ ，Hung，Glory．
欋 $L o^{\circ}, y o^{\circ}, Y 0^{\circ}$ ，Joy，music．
集 Chi（c）chi，Collect．

植
桹
根，Ken，Root．
横 ${ }^{\text {Z }}$ Hent，henge＇，Perverse，cross－ wise．
赖（c）${ }_{2}$ Chi，Thorns，brambles．
，Chi，A branch．
${ }^{2}$ Pei，A cup．
橄＇Kan，Chinese olive，it be－ longs to the terebinthaceae．
㰖＇Lan，A kind of olive，the canarium．
板＇Pan，Plank，board．
柆 Chi，Pillar，prop．
榚 Yang＇Sample，pattern．
焂 Chi（c）chi，Extreme，limit．樓 \＆Leu，Loft，story．
稁 C Chi，Reject，leave，castaway 枯，Ki，Withered．

核 $H \sigma^{c}$ ，（c）${ }^{h o o}$ ，Seed，kernel， compare，search． $K o^{\circ},(c), k^{c o}$, Reform，come． Chang，staff，cudgel． ＇Men，Any，a certain one． Mu，Pattern，sample． ＇Chiai，Model．
楷
析
林，Lin，Forest，grove
榭 Hie，Terrace，arbor，
檻•Kan，Railing，cage．
楣，Me，Door lintel．
構 Kent，Join，truss of a house．
材，$T^{T}$ s ai，Materials．
㛫 $T^{\prime} a s, \mathrm{~A}$ couch．
楮＇${ }^{\prime}$＇ru，Paper mulberry．
楊 ${ }_{2}$ Yang，
柳 ，Lieu，$\{$ Willow，
桮 $2 . W u$ ，The eleococcus，on－
梧


李 ${ }^{\text {＇}}$ Ii，Plum，ling－lib，baggage．
松，Sung，Pine，fir．
栢 ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\prime}(c){ }^{\circ}{ }^{\prime} u i$, Cedar，cypress．
柵 Chat；（c）：chou，Stockade，rail－此支，coli，Diverge，chi lu a bye ing．

## 76．欠

Chen＇，Lack，owe，debt．
欲 $\ddot{U}, ~ W i s h, ~ d e s i r e, ~ w i l l . ~$
次 $T s^{\top \tau}$ ，Order，next in order．
䕟介， $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{A}$ final particle．
雚欠，Howe，Joy，to like．
斤欠 ${ }^{\text {人 }}$ ，Hin，Delight．
其分，och，Deceive，insult．
歌，Ko，A song．
區 ${ }^{\prime}$ ，Neut，Sing，chant，recite．

## 77．止

此＇T $s^{s} s^{\prime}$ ，This．
歸，Koel，Return，render，yield belong．
止＇Chi，Stop，cease，only．
歷 $L i$ ，Pass over，away，succes－ sive，experience．
Chang＇，（c）scheng，Upright， virtuous．
式，Wu，Military，used for $p u, a$ step．
Sui，A year，season．
壁 $P u^{i}$ ，Step．
way．

## 78．万 <br> 81．比

T ${ }^{2}$ Tai，Evil，bad．
庀＇Si，Death．
䋺，Shu，Different，really．
残戞：Tssan，Cruel，barbarous．
擮，Chien，Kill destroy，perish．如台 Tari，Insecure，imminent， almost．
年膓 Shang，Untimely death．
死 ${ }^{2} T \mathrm{~s} u$ ，Dissolution，death．
79. 役

远，Shu，A spear．
殺 Shac，（c）sha，To kill．
共廿 Tien：Temple。
白边 Hwei，Destroy
殿，Yin，Zealous，great．
般，Pan，A kind，the same。
縠
$C^{t} h i o^{c}$ ，Shell，husk．

## 80．毋

\＃，$W u, z w u$, Do not，a denial．影，Mu，Mother．
届＇Mei，Each，every．

比 $P T_{i}$ To comparere

モ．Mau，Hair，wool．
毫（Hau hair，down，a motė．

E ，Min，People，a plebeian．
\＆$S h^{i}$ ，Family，suffix to a wo－ man＇s name．

## 84. <br> 气

## 82. 毛 <br> <br> 82．毛

 <br> <br> 82．毛}83. 氏

氣 Chic，Breath，any gaseous body，matter，anger．

## 85．水

水 Shui，Water．
求 Chicu，Seek，desire，pray．
法 Facfáfa，Law，mode，method．
溫，Wen，Tepid，warm，mild， gentle．
愺湤，Thoor
汥 Mo，mei，Sink，die，not，no， name．
深，Shen，Deep．
洗，Hi，To wash．
咨可 $H o$ ，River，canal：


 hwang，embellishment．
洛 $L_{0}$ ．
泗 St ．Names of rivers．
淋，Lin，Drip，trickle．
湍 $\mathrm{I}^{T}$ wan，A torrent．
激 Chis，Excite，impede．
濫 Lan，A flood，excess，intro－ siva．
測Che，Fathom，estimate， measure．
Trait，Vast，quiet，opulent．
渚，Cha，An islet，sandbank．

洇，Hie，To swim．
濕，Shr，（c）shř，Wet，damp，most．
涕 $T v$ ，To weep．
泦
Lett，Tears．
浩 Hour，Vast．
淵，Yen，Abyss．
滋，Chi，To multiply．

## 86．火

火 H wo，Fire．
無 $\mathrm{Wu}, \mathrm{Not}$.

竞
營営 Zing，Plan，plot，an，le－ sion．
焚，Fen，Consume．
烈 Lie，Fierce，brave．
烏，Wu，A crow，black，what？
where？
永，Tsar；Calamity．
燔，Fan，Burn．
烟，Yen，Smoke，tobacco．
＇Hue，Destroy， Jan，Kindle， ，Tenn，A Lamp． Chant，Shine，enlighten． Jo，Heat． ，Hin，Merit． ${ }_{2}$ Fan，Vex，perplex，trouble． $H i e$, Temper，mingle，bland．
Yens，yen．
Chic，Kindle．
Yen，Flame．
$S h o^{c}$, Flash，explode．
＇Tran，Brilliant．


## 87．爪

领，Chen，Contend，strive．
隻，Yen，Therefore，at，in，next．
䧻 Clio，（o）clio，Rank，title， office．

## 88.



父 Fur，Father．
耶 $Y e$ ，Father，combined in various titles．

## 89．爻

㤊闵，Ri，Thou，a particle．
90. 牙

年不，Chwwany，Bed，bed stead．

## 91．片

出 $P^{\prime}$ ien，A strip，slip，leaf．
版肩 Yeú，Door，window，to in－ struct．
92.

誛：Ya Teeth．

## 93．牛

物 Tui，Thing，animal．
4 Kier，Cow，ox．
特＇Mu，Male．
特㠻 $T^{\prime} e^{c}$ ，Special，intentional，an ox．

牧 $M u$, shepherd，herdsman． ，alien，Lead，draw．
牲 shang，Cattle，beasts for sa－ crifice．
些 Eau，Firm，prison，a victim for sacrifice．

## 94. <br> 犬

狏荷 Y eu，Yet，like．
$\ddot{U}$, Prison，law suit．
Sheri，Wild beast．
Mien ${ }^{\text { }}$ ，Present，offer．
Fans，Violate，offend．
Hwó，Mu＇，Take，obtain．
$T u^{i},(c)_{2} t u$ ，Alone，single
殸 a＇rivang，Mad，foolish，sport． ，Chiuen，A dog．
哬，Slit，A lion．
枵 Chang；Form，a lawyer＇s brief．


Lié，Catch，hunt．

## 95．立

学 Shwoux，Lead，imitate，all．
立玄，Tsi，This，it．
I．Hiten，zyuen，Sombre，mys－ terious．

96．玉
王 Wan，g King，prince．
理 $L i$, A principle，to govern．
玨 Shé，A harpofmany strings．
渨：Hwan，A ring，circle，around．
环，Pan，Class，to distribute．
F．$\ddot{U}$, Gem，jade．
美
珍，Chen，Pearl．
球，Cllieu，Globe。
璣，Chi，An astronomical in－ strument．
玩 Wane，Joy，amusement．
巩 Tiens，A flaw．
珥，Ri，Ear ring，pendant．
珠，Chu，Pearl，jewel
璧 $P \dot{x}$ ，A precious gem。
王行：Heng，Emerald．

现 2 Lin，A kind of precions stone
理仍 Lang，Neck ornaments．王虎＇THu，Amber． ＇Chieu，Ebony．
谯，Tsui，Lustre of a gem．
綮，Tssan，Sparkling．
玨而 Jui，Auspicious．

## 97．瓜

瓜，Kwa，A melon．
98.
死
$\bar{\mp}$ ，Wa，Tile，earthen ware．

## 99．甘

甚 Shen ${ }^{(c)}$ shen，Intense，ex－ cessive．
\＃，Kan，Sweet，willing．

## 100．生

生，Sheng，Life to impart life； produce．
座＇Chhan，To give birth，an ess tate．
更生 $S u$ ，To revive．

## 101．用

用 Yawf，Use．

## 102．田

異 $I$ ，Different，strange．
畄，Tany，tany，Ought，proper， in，on．
H Z $_{\text {Yeu，From，out of．}}$
\｜，Shen，Extend，repeat．
田 ：$T^{T}$ ien，Field．
昂 Nan，A male，a son．
界 Chié，Boundary．
亩 $H_{i i}^{c}, c^{\iota} h u^{c}$ ，Cattle，to breed．
胃 $P i^{c},(c){ }_{2} p i$ ，Ended，finished．
留 ${ }_{5}$ Licu，Detain，delay．
\＃Chiá，＇chia，Mail，a cyclic character，the first．



2I，Doubt，used，also for擬 to determine． ，Shu，Herbs，open，coarse． ＇C＇hu，Pain，grief．

## 104．ジ

病 Ping，Sickness．
疾 Chis，（c）schi，Malady．
痛 $T^{\prime}$ ung＇，（c）zt＇cng，Pain．
狼，Hen，A shade，a scar．

## 105．炏

，Teng，Ascend．
Fa（c）fa，Raise，start，pro－ duce．
106.

$\bar{G} P e^{c}(c) q p o,{ }^{\prime} p a i$, A hundred．
点，Clie，All．

血：Hwang，Greatest，emperor．杓 $T i^{2} t i(c), t i$ ，Target，exact，

曰 $P o^{\circ}(c)$ paic，White． a particle．

支 ${ }_{2} P^{c} i$, Skin。

## 108．IIIL

## 103．正

代 Pri，A piece of cloth．

$H w a^{\circ}$ ，Painting，a pen stroke．
畀
疆
畫
㽗 $P i^{i}$, Give，bestow．
，Chiang，Bound，limit．
番，Fan，Footstep，change，times of repetition，foreign．
甽㔛 ${ }_{2}$ C：heu，Class，sort，field．

## ＇Mu，A mow， 7260 sq，ft．

㭆
畵
盎 King，Full，overflowing．矚＇Shut，Observe intently： Chin＇，Exhaust，finish，alto－肵 Mien，Slumber． gether．
監 Chen，Note，survey．
素 $H o^{\text {s }}$ ，Why not？
IIIL．＇Min，Vessel，instrument．
浿 Taut，Rob．
盟．Mong，Alliance．
盤，P＇an，Dish，board．
穦 Tang，A tub，large，enlarge．

## 109．目

県，Chen，True． $T u u^{(c)}, t u$ ，Supervise．
Clung＇，Many． $M u$, Eye．
Churn，A relative，to pro－矨＇Shin，How much more． lect．


Chic $(c)_{z}$ chi，Straight．
$C h i^{i}(c)_{\varepsilon}$ chic，Locate，dispose of．
＇Hing sheeny，Examine，spare， province．
看，K Kan，Ǩ ane，Look，see．
眼＇Yen，Eyes．
瞽 ${ }^{\prime} K u$ ，Blind．
憒 Kerr，Blind．
瞻，Chan，Look at．

## 112．石

石 $S h i^{*}(c)$ is $h i i^{2}$ ，Stone 。
右皮 $P^{c} 0^{c}$, Break，burst，open，
磐 $P_{\text {：}}$ ann，A broad，rock．
磨，Mo（c）mo，A millstone．
硫：Lieu，Sulphur．
声销 $C^{\prime}$ ling，A stone bell or cam－ bal．
碼 $M a$ ，Cornelian，a yard，nu－ metrical figures．

不陋猋 Nav，Agate，cornelian．

## 115．禾

碔＇Wu，A fine stone，but not a gem．
砆，Tu，A stone，a false gem．磪 $C^{\prime \prime h}{ }^{\prime o}$ ，Solid，real，reliable．

## 113．示

神，Sheen，God，spirit．
乐 ${ }_{2} H_{o}$ ，Growing rice．
穌，$S u$ ，Revive，Yes，Jesus．
糐，CHing chang＇，Praise，ad－ dress，weigh，fit．
穀 $K u u^{\prime}(c), k u$, Grain．
私 $, ~ s i, ~ P r i v a t e, ~ s e l f i s h . ~$
種 Chung ，chung，Plant，kind， sort．
栊，Chi，Search，examine．
秉＇Ping，Hold fast，adhere， handful．
積 Chic $(c)$ chi，Collect，store up．
Chin＇${ }^{\text { }}$ Prohibit．
Cha＇，chur，Bless，pray．
形 $C^{\circ} h i$, Pray，beg．
嗀＇tau，Supplicate，Pray．
尌＇tau，Supplicate，Pray．
形咼 Hoo＇，Misery．calamity．
下 Shr，Show，inform，a man－ ifesto．
形且＇$T_{s} s u$ ，Grandfather，ancestor．
枯＇$H u$ ，Bliss，prosperity．
祀 $S_{i}$ ，Sacrifice，offering．
蓹，$\ddot{U}$ ，Withstand，resist．
祥 Kiang，Prosperity，luck．
114．内
禽：C ${ }^{\prime} h i n$ ，Fowls，birds．
Chis，Sacrifice，offering．
$F u^{\prime},(c){ }_{z} f u$ ，Happiness．
${ }^{\prime} L i$ ，Rites，politeness，pro－ priety．
而
㷊
而 Shit，To view，to treat．


Lin，Store house．
＇Yin，Firm，secure．
，Chin，Name of a dynasty．
Hieu＇，Bloom，flourish，elegant．
$M u^{i}$ ，Sublime，benign．

## 116．岔

Hiuć shive，Cave，tomb．

立 $L^{i}$ ，Stand

ㅍㅂ等


章，Chang，Chapter，display．

## 端，Tour，Correct，an item，com－ mencement．

高：Tang，Boy，maiden．
plate．
竞 Ching＇，Finally．
Chi，Stand，cause to stand．競 Ching＇，Strive，earnest
118.
吿 $T{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ ，Number，mansion，only
Chic $(c)_{2}$ chic，Exhaust，com－
＇Tent，Class，equal，\＆cc．
Chief（c）Che，Joint，verse．
Chur，Found，build．
$T a^{c}(c){ }_{2} T a$, Answer．
${ }_{3} P^{\prime} i e n$, Essay，chapter，sec－ ton．

笑 Hiau，Laugh，smile．
簡＇Chen，Brief，convenient．
筵 Z $_{2}$ Yen，Feast，invite．
${ }^{2} T u$ ，Real，sincere．
＇Kwan，Govern．
Soon，Estimate，calculate．
，Tsen（c），Tran，Hairpin．
Chur，Chopstick．
䇥 ${ }^{2}$ Pi，Pencil．
钥 Chi（c）${ }^{2}$ chur，Bamboo．
㫌点，Hiai，Flute，flageolet．
等

## 119．米

有 $\operatorname{Mi}$ ，Rice．
精，Ching，Essence，fine，icu－ rate．
粗，Ts $u$ ，Coarse．
糧 Kiang，Provender．
粉 ${ }^{\pi}$ Fen，Starch，flour．

## 120．糸

Yo ${ }^{c}$（c）yo，Agreement，mar－ row，sparing．


Sur，Plain，unadorned，ordi－ nary，hitherto．
糸川 $H i$ ，Fine，small． ${ }_{2}$ Yuen，Because，therefore， a hidden harmony．
 ，Chung，End，final，not at all． Chic，（c）chic，Tie，connect． ${ }_{2}$ Wei，Connect，only，merely． ，Tsung，Generally，altoge－ then．
 ${ }^{\prime} T^{\prime} u n g$ ，Entire，general． Chive,$(c)_{2}$ chive，Cut off，ex－ tinguish．
紀


Chi，Period of 12 years， record．
，Ching，Rule，classic，warp， longitude，experience．
編，Pion，To twine，compose verses or books．
納 $N a^{c}$ ，Pay，give，receive．
給 Chi，（c）${ }^{2} c h i$ ，${ }^{\prime} k e i$ ，Give 。
緍，Tang，Main principles．
綿 2 Mien，Floss，cottony silk， extended，connected．
絥众，sung，＇sung，sung ，Letloose suppose，a direct line．
Chi，To succeed，connect with．
Fan，Numerous，abundant．

純
${ }_{2} C^{\prime} / h u n$ ，Pure sincere，perfect． ＇Wang，A net． Hung，Red． Ts $s^{〔} a n^{e}$ ，chan，A rip，rent，hole． ＇So，soc，A cord，to seek． $H i^{i}$ ，Tie，bind．
$H i$ ，Family line，connect． ${ }^{\prime}$ Wei，Transverse，woof，lat－ itude．
緬 Mien，Fine threads，connect－ ed thought，ponder．
繚：Liau，\｛ Wind around，en－
${ }^{\prime} L u$ ，A filament，a nice dis－ tinction．
$T^{\prime} i^{i}$ ，Indissolubly joined， adapted．
追系：Mien，Floss，extended，con－ netted．
${ }^{3} C^{\prime} h i$ ，Silk gauze．
${ }_{2} C h i$, Grass cloth．
，Hi，Hemp cloth．
Hieu，Embroider，decorate．
${ }_{,} S_{i}$ ，Silk thread，raw silk．
$L u,{ }^{i},(c) l u ̈$, Green．
星

織 $C h v^{i},(c)$ ，chi，Weave．
組＇TIu，Fringe，tape，badge of office．
紬 ${ }_{2} C^{\prime} h e u$ ，Draw threads for weaving，silk，pongee．
緈 $I$ ，Draw out，unravel，long， utmost．
緝 Chic，Twist，join，continue， compose ；pursue，seize．

## 121．手

缺 $C^{\prime} h i u^{\prime} e^{\prime}(c)_{\mathrm{e}} c^{c h i u v e}$ ，Deficit，gap， few．

## 122．网


羅，Lo，A net，gauze．
帘＇Han，Rare，admire．
唁 $F a^{〔}(c) \& f a$ ，Punish，fine．
罹 Lo z li，Encounter．
暑
Sha（c），shut，Yamen，office， manage，act pro tempore．
罔＇Wang，Without，privative． 123．羊
羊，Yang，Sheep，goat．
忝：Chiün，Herd．
義 $I$ ，Justice，righteousness，
kindness，friendship，patriot－ ism．
差＇Wei，Beautiful．
，Kan，Lamb．
，Hied，Shame．
Mien，Covet，long for．
羊亶，Shan，Fetid，rank odor．

## 124．呵

$H a u$ ，A quill．
I，Wing，aid．
$H i^{i}(c), h i$, Repeat，imitate， learn．
剪＇Chen，Destroy．
$\frac{\text { 翠 }}{\text { 分 }}$ sui，A green bird．
耀 Yo yauco，Splendor．
$H i$, Unite，combine．
＇Thu，To soar．
羊犲，Kiang，Gyrate．

125．老
有＇Che，A relative ref．to per－ sons and things．
＇Lav，Old，aged．
${ }_{2} C^{2} h i$, Aged，an elder．
＇Ken，Superannuated whin－ ked．

## 126．而

而 ${ }_{i} R i$, And，but．
$\frac{山}{\text { 山 }}$ ，Chwen，Solely，bent on．
而的 127．来耕，King，Plow． 128．耳
耳 ${ }^{~}{ }^{R} t$ ，Ear，a euphonic．
㕵 Shang，Sacred，sage，holy．
聽：Ting ting，Hear，allow．聞，Wen，Hear，perceive．
耶，Ya（e）zee，Interrogative fl－ nat，Ye eu，Jesus．
，Shend，Sound，report．
Chum，Collect．
，Tssung，Wise，quickeared．
$C h i^{r}(c){ }_{2} c h i z$ ，Office．
龍 ${ }^{\text {年 }}$ Lung，Deaf．
聈 2 Lien，Unite．

## 129．聿

肇 Chum，Strike，commence．
肃 $\operatorname{Fic}$ ，Respectful．
肄 $I$ ，Practice，assiduous．

## 130．肉

能 ：Neng，Able，can．
均 Jus（c）jul i，Flesh．
㖹 $T o^{\circ}(c)$ ，$t o^{\circ}$ ，Extricate．

，Kan，Grease，anoint． Pei，Back，carry on the back， turn the back，recite．
脂，Tai，The womb

腓 ${ }_{2}$ Fe i，Leg bones．
肥 Fee，Fat．
＇Tan，Gall；courage．
＇Wu，Bosom，belly， ${ }_{2} F u$ ，Skin． ，Pau，Womb． ${ }^{2} P^{〔} i$ ，Conception． ${ }_{2} L u$, Order，record．
脂，Chi，Fat，essence 。
古月，$H u$ ，Why？Northern bar－ banians．
月星，Hing，A fishy odor． ${ }_{\imath} Y a u$, Meats，viands．
，Loan，loan，Minced meat．
${ }^{2} F u$ ，Decayed，rotten．
步，$H \ddot{u}$ ，Altogether，almost．

## 131．臣

㢄：Chen，Officer，liege．
险伿 Lin，Arrive，confront．

豲 Wo ，Slumber．

## 132．自

自 $T_{s i}{ }^{\text {T}}$ ，Self，of course，from．
丘 Hieú（c）cheri，Smell，decay．

## 133．至

高 $C h i{ }^{i}$ ，Arrive at，most．
到 Taus，To，at，arrive 。
暈 2 Tai，Terrace，stage．
缸，Chen，Arrive，extend，in the highest degree．

## 134．目

興，$\ddot{U}$ ，With，give，interrog－ alive？
䳡 Chieui，Old，ancient．
䲞，Hing，Rise，raise，flourish．
苏，Bear aloft，sustain．

## 135．古

负 She，Cottage，yield，give up．
137. 舟

所，Chen，Ship，vessel．船 Chwwen，Boat，ship．

## 138．艮

既 Ling，Good，virtuous，rather歎艮，Chen，Difficult．

## 139．向

世 Sec choc（c）＇shai，Color，beau－ ty，amorous．

## 140．州

萬 Wank，A myriad，all．
若 $J 0^{\circ}$ ，If，suppose，like，that， his，its．

蒙，Mong，＇mong，Simple，cover， receive favor．
甹
甹
多
毕連
策 ${ }^{\prime} K u$ ，Bitter．
T＇sang＇，Inter．
Z Lien，Water lily．
${ }_{\text {¿ Lan，}}$ A flower，Aglaia odor－ ta．
₹Tsang，tang＇，Conceal，store．
芥，Huang，Wild，waste，barren．
莫 Moi，No，not，must not．
英，King，Bloom，brave，heroic．
花，Hwa，Flower．
藉 Chief，Reliance，pretext，re－ cord．

著 Oho chur，An affix expres－ sive of completion，to send， publish，display．


蝗 ${ }_{2}$ Huang，Locust．
虾，Ha，Shrimp，crawfish．

䗟缶 $T^{\prime}$ san，Silk worm．
蛛，Chi，Spider 。
蚂，Yin，Earthworm 。
蜔 \＆Chan，A kind of locust．
蟻 $I$ ，Ants 。
蝘：King，Flies．

## 143．血

血．Blood．

## 144．行

行 ，Hing，Hang，Walk，act，hong．往，Chi，Street．
徫 Wei，Protect，defend：
術 Slur，Method．
推䍜 $C^{\prime} / h i x$, Street，road．
衡：Heng，Transverse．
衍＇Yen，Inundate，amplify．
街，IFiuen，Brag，boast，display， for 睛 ${ }^{\text {to dazzle．}}$ 145．衣
衣，$I$ Clothes
初，C＇lu，Beginning．

不皮 Pei，Receive，prefix to pas－ save verbs．
衣，$I$ 箴，Posterity
,$A i$ ，Grief，sorrow mean－ cholly．
襲 $H i{ }^{2},(c)_{i} h i$, Lurk，take by sur－ prise，hereditary．
衰，Chung，Heart，nature．
Chic，Manufacture．
，Shwai，Decay．
${ }_{2} P^{\prime} a u$ ，Mantle robe．
${ }_{\text {z Nan，}}$ Bag，sack，yesterday．
＇Pu，Patch，mend．
春＇Pau，Outside，display，ex－ ample．
裸 ${ }^{\text {L }}$ Lo，Naked．
営：O＇hany，Clothes，lower gar－ mints．
禎 $F u c^{\prime}$ ，Repeated，double． ${ }_{2} C^{c h} h i e u$ ，Jacket，vest．
，Chin，Skirt．
Hin，Sleeve．
，Chwang，Adorn，repair，lade a ship．
載，Ts‘ai，Cut，trim，shear．
裂 Lice，Rend，tear．

## 146．两 <br> 誩胃 Wei，Say，call．

开，Hi，West．
产要 Yous，Wish，will，important． $F u$, Reply，repeat．
$H o^{\circ}$ ，Investigate，search，ve－ rify，distinguish．

## 147. <br> 見

見 Chen＇，lien＇，See，be seen，ap－ pear．
親 ，C＇hin，Kindred，intimacy， self，own．

現
䍜見
覮 Ifiene，At present，appear．
，Kwan，Behold，consider． Chios，（c）chiaus，Conscious， feel，awake．
者見Tu，Look，see．
茥見 Chins，Interview with a au－ prior．
賣見 $T i$ ，See，face to face．
后 $M i$ ，Seek．

## 148．角

甪 Chios，（c）＇chiau，Horn，corner．解牢＇Chic，Untie，explain．
解瓜 $I I u$ ，，，$u$ ，Square，law，plan， a square vessel，a wine cup．

## 149．言

言 ：Yen，Words，speak．

言者
，Chur，Many，all，plural pere－ fix，in，at．
言）Hin，Instruct．
言羊 kiang，Full，minute，in de－ tail．
$P^{i} \dot{c}$, Compare，parable，
Shit，Try，endeavor．
$\ddot{U}$ ，Edict，command．
Chic，Ordinance，command－ mint．
謀 a Mu，mev，Plan，plot．
言考，Mai，Ought，altogether，the said．
言射 Hie，To thank，to decline．
言午 ，Iii，Promise，intensive par－ tickle．

言且
${ }^{2} T s u$ ，Curse，imprecation．
言靑＇OuTing，Invite，request，in－ quire．

Tsana，Praise．
Chic，Record，remember．
${ }_{2} C^{\prime} h e n g$ ，Sincere，honest．
Chang＇，Evidence，witness．
媌 $\ddot{U}$ ，Words，discourse．
詣 $\mathcal{H}, V$ Visit．
［native．
Shoos，（c）shoo，Speak，nat－

言† Chis，Count，calculate．
言隹 ${ }_{2}$ Shut，Who？
言章 Sangs，Yield，relinquish．
三侖 Lan ${ }_{2}$ lan，Discourse，treatise．

Shit，（c）$\varepsilon_{i}^{s h i}$ ，Know，remem－ her．
議 $I$ ，Discuss，negotiate．
Pion，Turn，change．
言公 Sung＇，Accuse，law suit．
$\overline{\overline{\bar{户}}} \overline{\overline{\mathrm{~F}}}{ }_{2} T s^{s} i$ ，Words，verses，state－ ment．
言モ $T^{\circ} 0^{\circ},(c), t^{\prime} 0, \quad$ Entrust，pres－ tend．
三乃 Char，Summon 。
言秀 Yew，Win，beguile，persuade．
言每 Hwei，Instruct，admonish．
言區，Ngeu，Recite，sing．
言甬 Sung，Read，recite．
顶青，$S h_{i ̣}$ ，Verses，poetry．
講，Chian，Speak，discourse．
証建 Tans，Birth，advent of a great man，great，false．
言危＇Kwei，Deceit．
詳 ${ }^{\text {＇}}$＇lien，Modest．

言哥 $Y a c^{f}$ ，Frightened，astonished．
$T u,(c)_{\varepsilon}^{t u}$ ，Read．
Jon＇，Recognize，acknowl－ edge．

言革 ，Chin，Careful，respectful． ${ }_{2} \ddot{U}$, Praise．
Pang＇，Slander．
$W u^{c}$ ，Mistake，error．
言翏 Miens，Error．
 mix．
䍮辛 Miens，Eloquent，distinguish， vindicate．

言年 $P$ ：ing，Censure，criticism．
言西 ，Sung，Sing．
詣 F Hic，Harmony．
Ch ǘ，Who？How？


| $\begin{array}{r} \text { 150. 谷 } \\ \text { 谷 } K u u^{\prime},(c): \text { 保, Valley. } \end{array}$ | 貧Pin，Poor，impoverished．貨 ${ }^{\prime} \sigma^{\prime}$ ，Goods． |
| :---: | :---: |
| 151．可 | 賦 $F_{u}$ ，Conferred by heaven． |
| 豈＇＇Chi，How？ | 質 $C_{i t}{ }^{2}$ ，Talent，matter． |
| 豐，Feng，Opulen | 領，Tan，Covet． |
| 豓 Yent，Beauty | 買 ${ }^{\text {Paui }}$ Buy． |
| 152．豖 | 賣 Mait，Sell． |
| Hiang，Elephant，ivory | 貣 Kung，Tribute． |
| 悃砢，Pin，Name of a state． | 賢，Hien，Worthy，wise． |
| 䏲，${ }^{\text {r }}$ Twn， A pig． | 員，Pin，Guest，retainer． |
| 豪：IIau，Rieh，opulen | 賞＇Shang，Reward． |
| 豫 Ứ，Beforehand，doubt，s picion，luxury． | 賊 Tssc（c），tsei，Thief，steal，in jure． |
| 153．易 | 資，${ }^{\text {，}}$ ，${ }^{3 i}$ ，Means，rely on． |
| 貎 $M \omega$ ，Appearance． | 貝丁 Chuc，Hoard，store up． |
| 貃 $M 0^{\circ}$ ，Barbarian． | 食，Keng，Repeat a soug， j |
| 154. | 155. |
|  | ，Forgive． |
| c）zShu，Redeem． | 赤 $C$ Itic，Red，sincere． |
| Fuc Bear on the back． | Ito，Awful，majestic． |
| 責 Che $(c)$ tse，Rebuke，reprove．財，ITsai，Riches． |  |
| eit，Honora |  |
| 賽 $S a u^{\circ} s e^{\prime}$ ，Vie，display． | 走＇＇Tsen，Walk，run． |


| 趨，Chui，Run， | 躬，Kung，Person，self． |
| :--- | :--- |
| 赴 $F u$ ，Go． | 躯品，Clyui，Body，person． | C＇hen，Follow，improve op－ portunity．

## 15\％．足

路 Luc，Road，way．
军 $T s u^{i}(e)$ ztsu，Foot，enough．
践尪 Chien，Tread．
蹟 Ohic，Track．
跇 K Kweci Kneel．
䟡，Tau，Tread，stamp。
品鄭 $C h i{ }^{\text {c }}$ ，Going back and forth．
正蜀 ${ }^{2}$ Cchü chui，Walk，unsteady．
品著 $27 \pi u$ ，Hastily overleaping， hesitating．
踾（ Chheu，Undecided．
跡 Chir，Cling，climb，rise．
跳 Tiaú，Leap．
䠰 Yó，Spring，dance．
跣 ${ }^{\prime} H i$ ，Barefoot．
趿惢 Kweri，Kneel．
踧 Tsui，Walk circumspectly．正吾 Chic，Walk with measured， steps，reverently．

## 158．身

身 Shen，Body，person．

辣年 Pien，Distinguish．
圭，Ilin，Bitter，aerid．

## 161．辰

唇 Thi，Shame，disgrace．学辰：Chen，Time，the 5 th hour． 162.


㴚，Sui，Then，thereon，at once．边II，Chiu，A name of Budha．
道 Tux，Way，method，truth， doctrine，reason．
 Kwó，Pass，cross over，trans－ gless．
京）
¿＇cuu，Escape，fly．
＇Hiuen，Sclect，choose．
，Chui，Pursue．
T＇sout，Create，make．
＇Yuen，Far，long．
Pi，Avoid，eseape．
Taí，Until．
＇Fan，Return．
Shic，Meet，suit，go．
遺 $I$ ，Omit，transmit，let fall， leave behind．
澊 2 Tsun，Observe，obey．
溃
＇Chicn，Send．
，Wei，Oppose，withdraw from．
$N i$, Contrary，resist．
，I＇sum，Meet，encounter．
T＇u，Path，road．
I＇ien＇，Everywhere．
$S u c^{(c)}$ su，Hasten．
，T＇ung，Open，reasonable．
I＇$a^{c}(c)$ stu，Open，intelligent， prosperous．
㴚 Clur，Eject，persecute．
近 Chin，Near．
邀，Yuu，Invite。
Shui，（c） s $_{s} s h u$ ，Narrate，relate．
Chini，Enter．
Pó póc，Urge．
：Mi，Delude，astray．
„Hia，hiac，Remote．
＇Riz，Near．
遄 ${ }^{2}$ Chwen，atwen，Go and come， haste．
遊：Yeu，Roam，rove．
連 Yün，Revolve，circulate， transport．
${ }_{z} H w a n$, Return．
連 Lien，Connect，together．
近 zYing，Meet，welcome．

涱，Chien，Remove。
Sung，Present，send away． Tun＇，Escape．
Tuic，Retire． ¿ $\ddot{U}$ ，Leap over，surpass． Hiün，Yielding，modest． ${ }^{\prime} C \not C h i$, End，finish． Chi，Footstep． $H i_{i} n^{2}$, Vivid，energetic． $S / l i{ }^{\imath}$ ，Passing，vanishing． $C h_{i z}^{\prime}$ ，Suddenly． ¿Tiau，Distant，remote． $T i$, Transmit，distant． Lin，Elect，covetous，mean． $Y a^{:}$，Meet，welcome，invite． ，Huvan，Liesure，vacant． $I$ ，Pleasure，escape． ＿Ngau，zngau，Roam，saunter． Suic，In the rear，far back， as a suite of rooms．

Feng，Meet．
，Pien，Side，border．

## 163．邑

距 $I$ ，City，district．

鄉，Miang，Village，neighbor－ hood，the country．
頻，Pang，Nation，state．
者乃，Tu，Capital city．
交队，Chiuu，Suburban fields．
去 $\int C^{c h i o c}$, Reject，forsooth，also．
都 $N a^{\top}$ s nu，That，how，where？
旬及，Hiün，Name of a place，Zion．
牙 $\int_{\text {Hic，}}$ Oblique，perverse，cor－ rupt．
立乃 $P u^{i}$ ，Class，sort，bureau， board，volume．
粦了，Lin，Neighbor．

## 164．酉

 ＇Hing，，hing，Awake．
西州 ${ }_{2} C$ Cheu，Reciprocate，friendly intercourse．

，配 $P^{\prime} e i^{i}$ ，Unite，fit together．
醊＇Niang，Ferment．
酣，IIun，Intoxicate．
酸夋，Soan，Sour．

## 165．采

程 $S h i$, Loose，release expound， protect，Budha．

166．里 鍡 Hwan，Ring．
㘴 ${ }^{2}$ Li，Neighborhood，Chinese mile， $1897 \frac{1}{2}$ Eng．ft，in geography， $1460 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft},{ }^{\frac{1}{2} \overline{5}}$, of a deg．
嘢＇$Y e$, Pasture，wilderness．
重 Chung e rehung，Heavy，dou－ ble，again．
㫕，Lung，ling，Measure

## $16 \%$. <br> 

，Chin，Gold，metal． $H i^{i}(c)$ a $h i$ ，Tin，bestow． Li，Record．
銀：Yin，Silver 。
金同，Ing，Copper，brass．
鐵 ＇Tie，Iron．
鑑 C＇Kien，Mirror．


Cher，Inspect，oversee．
Chur，Cast，found，manufac－ tore．

錢，Chen，Cash，money，
金丁，Ting，Nail．
，Fend，Point，edge．

Miso，Mistake，scattered．
Ts oc（c）tran，Bore，chisel．
Choc，（c）echo，Bracelet．
＇Chin，Gilding，brocade．
，Hiang，Border，inlaid．
，Chung，Bell，clock．
${ }_{\text {s }}$ Lu，Furnace．
，Chang，A tinkling－ring．
，K＇eng，Ringing，jingling sound．
金合 ，Ling，A small bell．
錘重，Chung，To love，a measure， goblet．
金匀，Chiiun，Equal，just，arbiter， creator，venerable．

## 168．長

医＇Chang，Chang，Elder，supt－ riot，long．

## 169．瓜

明 ，Men，Gate，door．

## 䦣 $P^{\text {c ic }}, ~ O p e n$.

Chen ${ }^{\text {c }}$ chen，In，between．
，$K^{\prime} a i$, Open．
$P_{\dot{\imath}}$ ，Shut．
＇Shan，Dart．
阳䦖 $K^{\circ} 0^{\circ}$ ，Wide．
閱 Yué，Look over，pass over．
閣 Ko（ $(\mathrm{c})$ \＆o，Gallery．

奛，Mien，Vacant．

## 170．阜

阝条 Chang kiang，Come down， send down，degrade surren－ der．
乃㥯
陳 ＇Yin，Hide，conceal．
${ }_{2}$ Chin，Display，arrange，or－ der of battle．
階
Mien，Fall into，entrap．
Sui，Follow，at option．
 lean on，partial，prefix to names．
，Yin，The dark，or female principle．
『余 2 thu，Exclude，besides．
隅 ¿ シ̈，Corner．
『祭 Chi，Limit，border，junction．
队H．＇Tsu，Obstacle，hinder．
党 $L u i$ ，Dry land，by land． $H i$ ，A quarrel，cranny．
方方，Fang，Guard against．

及付＇Fun（c），fur，Append．
及珨 ，Mien，Steep，perilous．
Chit，Climb，promotion．
限
Mien，Limit．

## 172．佳

雅 ${ }^{2} Y a, ~ R e f i n e d, ~ l i t e r a r y . ~$
歎隹，Nan nance，Hard，difficult．離 ${ }_{2} L i$ ，Leave．
雖 z Sui，s sui，Though 。
雜 $T_{s}{ }^{\prime} a^{\prime}(c)$ z $t s a$, Mixed，promis－ cuous．
锥，Showing，Double，a pair．
雕，Thun，Carve，adorn，tattoo．
害住，Chi，Chicken．
Chios＇（c）＇chian，Sparrow．
倠，Jung，Harmony．

## 173．雨

霝 Z Ling，Spirit，intelligent， effectual．
雨＇$\ddot{U}$ ，Rain．
${ }_{\text {z }}^{2}$ Fin，Clouds．
Chen＇，Quake，convulse．
Hive，（c）hiuc，Snow．
$L u u^{c}$ ，Dew．
${ }_{2}$ Hi，Need，must．
Ling，Scattring，remnant．
，Hiau，A halo，fleecy clonds， heaven．
最雪 Ria，Glow of sunset．
会会：Ni，Rainbow．


帚，C：hing，Green．
毒爭 Cling，Still，silent．
青＇Shend；Fault，crime，meal－ gre，reduce．

## 175．非

非，Fec，Not，is not，wrong．
靡 Mi，Profuse，not，without．

## 176．面

面 Miens，Face．

華 $K o^{\circ},(c)_{\imath} l o$ ，Leather，change， dismiss．
革䩧 $C h_{i \check{u}}$ ，Judge，condemn．茾畐，Chiang，Bridle．

## 178. <br> 

卆团 $Y_{\text {而 }} n$, Guard，conceal．


苗，Yin，Voice，so
響 kiang，Echo．

## 181．頁

緽＇Mien，Reveal，display．
Lei，Class，species．
Tune，Bow the head，instant－ by，at once．
原臬 Yïen；Willing，desirous．
顧 $K u$, Look，regard．
束頼 Laic，Depend on．
Shun＇，Obey，yield，unimped－ ed．
頂 $\ddot{U}$ ，Beforehand，prepare．
公臬 Sung，Praise．
湏 Hü，Must．
分真，Pan，Distribute 。
頡，Icu，Head．
命頁＇Ling，Stretch the neck，re－ ceive with respect．
頂＇Ting，Bear on the head，st－ perlative．
㨺頁 z Man man，Large face．$^{2}$
F頁，Han，Bald，with the preced－ ing，stupid．
皮貫，$P^{\prime} \%$ ，Somewhat，rather．


种，Fend，Wind，custom，influ－ ene．

## 184.

$S h i i^{i}(c)$ sushi，Eat，food．
＇Ping，Loaf，cake．
${ }^{3}$ Yang，Nourish．
＇Yin，Drink．
$\ddot{U}$ ，Overplus．
，Chi，Hunger，dearth．
Ski，Ornament．
令几，Chi，Hunger．
 treatment，forgive．
薞，Jung，Breakfast
嗆，Sun，Supper．
他＇Pau，Full fed，satisfied．
领
谼＇Tsoan，chen＇，Meats，dress－ ed food．

差羔，Wien，Viands，dainties．
领＇Ri，Pastry，bait，allurement．
右区 Fan，Boiled rice．

## 185. <br> 

自＇Sher，Head，chief，begin－ ming．

## 186. <br> 香

香
馨
－Kiang，Incense．
，Hin，Fragrance．

## 18\％．馬


＇Ma，Horse．
${ }^{2} L i u$, Mule．
${ }^{\prime} C^{\prime} \hbar i u$, Drive，expel．
，Hat，Fright．
，Chiou，Pride．
Chum，Reside．
$Y e n^{c}$ ，Test．
Chiai，Equipage，the Empe－ nor，thou．
，Ching，Fright．
${ }_{2} C^{\prime} h i, c h r^{i}$, Ride，rider．
T T 5 ，Camel．
Choir，Sudden，gallop．
＇Shit，Sail．
Chi，A fine horse．


高而 $L i$ ，Beautiful，splendid．
鹿粦 a ain，An animal，which ap－
pears at the birth of a sage．
蔖 Chu，A deer with a bushy tail．


## 199. <br> 麥

麥 $M 0^{\circ}{ }^{(c)}$ maic，Wheat． 200．麻
麻 Ma，Hemp．$^{2}$
 licate，interrogative．

## 201．黄

其 Hwang，Yellow．

## 203．黑


爵 $H o^{\circ}(c)$ ，hei，Black．
黨 TTang，Clan，company．
熹 Taic，Dark green．

## 205．碱

题 Minc，Strive，urge，a frog．
集管
Pic ${ }^{\circ},(c)$ spie，A turtle sup－ posed to hear with its eyes．
醫：Yuen，Tortoise．

## 206．跡

鼎＇Ting，A censer．

## 207．鼓

碡＇Ku，Drum，excite．

## 210．弯

弯 C そhi，Evenly，united，name of a state．
弯䨾 Chai，Studio，penance．

## 211．橎


龄 zing，Front teeth，sign of age．
212. 龍

龍 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Lung，Dragon．
213.

龜
䵷，Kuvei，Tortoise．


籥頁 $Y 0^{\circ}$ ，Supplicate．

## CORRIGENDA.

Page. 14 for VI. read V. 36-23 "North and South " South and North. " 68-13 ", Banisters " Arbors.
„ 69-16
69-19 "Diamond 71-22 "Tsih 72-24 "Pear 74-29 "Shark

In Vocabulary, $38 \mathrm{th}, \mathrm{rad}$. 女 numbered 39 , and misplaced.

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[^0]:    *. Part III. is published in a separate form for the use of schools.

